The original instrument was prepared by Carla S. Roberts. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Beth O'Quin.

# DIGEST 2022 Regular Session

Robert Mills

<u>Present law</u> prohibits reduction of the liability limits contained in a policy or contract of insurance due to the expenses of defense in a suit under the policy or contract unless the commissioner of insurance executes a written waiver authorizing the reduction.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes the commissioner's requirement to execute a written waiver to prohibit the reduction of liability limits, but authorizes the commissioner to waive the prohibition to the reduction of the liability limits contained in a policy or contract due to the expenses of defense in a suit under a policy or contract.

<u>Present law</u> the prohibition applies to all personal lines, medical malpractice, commercial vehicle, and commercial general liability.

<u>Proposed law</u> prohibits the commissioner from waiving the prohibition for all personal lines and medical malpractice and removes the prohibition for commercial vehicle and commercial general liability.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes waiver of the prohibition for certain types of insurance and requires the commissioner to waive the prohibition for certain types of insurance.

#### Proposed law removes present law.

SB 428 Engrossed

<u>Present law</u> authorizes waiver of other types of insurance not listed in law upon consideration by the commissioner of the level of market competition, the nature and design of the product, the availability of insurance coverage, and other relevant factors.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but authorizes the commissioner to waive the prohibition provided in law except for certain insurance types after he considers the customs of the industry and the interest of the particular insured.

<u>Present law</u> requires that every policy or contract for which a waiver is executed is subject to the following requirements:

- (1) Expenses used to reduce the liability limits did not include overhead costs, adjusting expenses, or other expenses incurred by the insurer in the ordinary course of business.
- (2) Expenses used to reduce the liability limits to only include reasonable attorney fees and expenses directly connected to the insurer's defense of a specific liability claim on behalf of

an insured and other litigation expenses directly arising from the defense of the claim.

(3) Expenses are not to exhaust the entire amount of liability coverage.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes the executed waiver requirement by the commissioner and adds reasonable attorney fees that are directly connected to the insurer's defense can be defense expenses, and prohibits the defense expenses for overhead, unallocated loss, adjustment expenses, or other unallocated expenses incurred by the insurer in the ordinary course of business.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes the commissioner to limit the amount of defense expenses used to reduce the liability limits or establish a minimum of liability coverage from which defense expenses cannot be deducted, and to limit or define the amount of expenses that reduce the liability limits for all or specific types of insurance coverage.

### <u>Proposed law</u> removes <u>present law</u>.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 22:1272)

## Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

#### Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Insurance to the original bill

- 1. Adds the commissioner can waive the prohibition to the reduction of the liability limits contained in a policy or contract due to the expenses of defense in a suit under a policy or contract.
- 2. Prohibits the commissioner from waiving the prohibition on all personal lines and medical malpractice.
- 3. Authorizes the commissioner can waive the prohibition provided in law upon considering the customs of the industry and the interest of the particular insured.
- 4. Adds attorney fees can be included as a defense expense.
- 5. Prohibits overhead, unallocated loss, adjustment expenses, or other allocated expenses in the ordinary course of business to be considered a defense of expenses.