### SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

#### SB 315

#### **2022 Regular Session**

Womack

## **KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE**

CONTROL DANGER SUBSTANCE. Provides relative to penalties for the distribution of heroin and fentanyl or carfentanil.

#### SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

- 1. Remove <u>proposed law</u> relative to penalties for an individual who knowingly misrepresented or knowingly marketed a mixture or substance containing fentanyl or fentanyl analogue as another substance.
- 2. Remove <u>proposed law</u> relative to enhanced penalties for the unlawful distribution or dispensing of fentanyl or carfentanil.
- 3. Add <u>proposed law</u> relative to the unlawful distribution or dispensing of heroin and fentanyl or carfentanil which is the direct cause of serious bodily injury to the person who ingested or consumed the substance and provides for the following penalties:
  - (a) Imprisonment at hard labor for not less than 5 years nor more than 40 years.
  - (b) At least five years of the imposed sentence shall be served without benefit of probation, parole, or suspension of sentence.
  - (c) Offender may be required to pay a fine of not more than \$50,000.
- 4. Remove proposed law relative to fentanyl testing equipment.
- 5. Provide that the distribution of fentanyl or carfentanil which is the direct cause of serious bodily injury may be cited and referred to as "Millie's Law".
- 6. Add the distribution of heroin which causes serious bodily injury to the present law list of crimes of violence.

## DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SB 315 Reengrossed 2022 Regular Session

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<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 40:966(B)(3)) provides that any person who produces, manufactures, distributes, or dispenses or possesses with the intent to produce, manufacture, distribute, or dispense heroin, upon conviction for any amount, shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than five years nor more than 40 years and may, in addition, be required to pay a fine of not more than \$50,000.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if the offender unlawfully distributes or dispenses heroin which is the direct cause of serious bodily injury to the person who ingested or consumed the substance, the offense shall be classified as a crime of violence, and the offender shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than five years nor more than 40 years. At least five years of the sentence of imprisonment shall be imposed without benefit of probation, parole, or suspension of sentence. In addition, the offender may be required to pay a fine of not more than \$50,000.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 40:967(B)(4)) provides that any person who produces, manufactures, distributes, or dispenses or possesses with the intent to produce, manufacture, distribute, or dispense fentanyl or carfentanil, upon conviction for any amount, shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than five years nor more than 40 years and may, in addition, be required to pay a fine of not more than \$50,000.

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<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if the offender unlawfully distributes or dispenses fentanyl or carfentanil which is the direct cause of serious bodily injury to the person who ingested or consumed the substance, the offense shall be classified as a crime of violence, and the offender shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than five years nor more than 40 years. At least five years of the sentence of imprisonment shall be imposed without benefit of probation, parole, or suspension of sentence. In addition, the offender may be required to pay a fine of not more than \$50,000.

Proposed law shall be cited and referred to as "Millie's Law".

<u>Present law</u> provides for a list of certain enumerated <u>present law</u> offenses that are included as crimes of violence.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds the distribution of fentanyl or carfentanil which cause serious bodily injury and the distribution of heroin which cause serious bodily injury to the offenses included as a crime of violence.

Effective August 1, 2022.

(Amends R.S. 40:966(B)(3) and 967(B)(4); Adds R.S. 14:2(B)(8) and (29))

Dawn Romero Watson Executive Director