## **RÉSUMÉ DIGEST**

ACT 39 (HB 188)

2022 Regular Session

Villio

<u>Existing law</u> provides regulations of materials and advertisements distributed or transmitted in political campaigns. Prohibits a person from causing distribution or transmittal of material containing any statement which he knows or should be reasonably expected to know makes a false statement about a candidate for election or about a proposition to be submitted to the voters.

Existing law prohibits a person from causing distribution or transmittal of material for or on behalf of a candidate, constituting a paid political announcement or advertisement, that is paid for by a third party without providing the name of the third party on the face of the advertisement.

<u>Existing law</u> is applicable to oral, visual, and written material. <u>New law</u> adds digital materials to the materials subject to <u>existing law</u> and provides specific font requirements for disclosing the name of a third party who paid for the announcement or advertisement in digital materials.

<u>Prior law</u> excluded any radio station, television broadcast station, cable television company, or newspaper from <u>existing law</u> regarding identification of third parties that pay for political announcements or advertising. <u>New law</u> provides instead that a media company that has no input in or control over the content of a political announcement or advertisement is not subject to <u>existing law</u>.

Existing law provides that whoever violates existing law shall be fined not more than \$2000 or be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two years, or both. A violation of new law is subject to these penalties.

Effective upon signature of governor (May 17, 2022).

(Amends R.S. 18:1463(C)(1), (E), and (F); Adds R.S. 18:1463(G))