SLS 23RS-180 **ORIGINAL**

2023 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 50

1

BY SENATOR ABRAHAM

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

TRANSPORTATION/DEV DEPT. Creates and provides relative to the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority. (8/1/23)

AN ACT

2	To enact Chapter 38 of Title 48 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised
3	of R.S. 48:2221 through 2234, relative to the creation of the Calcasieu Parish Tolling
4	Authority; to provide for definitions; to establish a board of directors; to specify the
5	purpose, powers, jurisdiction, and duties of the authority; to provide relative to the
6	ethics code and public records; to provide relative to tolls, bonds, and other revenue;
7	to provide relative to certain projects, acquisition of land, and utilities; to provide
8	relative to public-private partnership projects; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. Chapter 38 of Title 48 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
11	comprised of R.S. 48:2221 through 2234, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
12	CHAPTER 38. CALCASIEU PARISH TOLLING AUTHORITY
13	§2221. Short title
14	This Chapter shall be known and may be referred to as the "Calcasieu
15	Parish Tolling Authority Act" and derives its statutory authority for creation
16	and implementation from the provisions contained in Chapter 26 of this Title
17	of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, more specifically referenced as the

Louisiana Transportation Development Act. Any provision not contained or addressed in the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority Act shall be governed by the Louisiana Transportation Development Act.

§2222. Purpose; legislative findings

A. The legislature hereby finds and declares that the development, construction, and maintenance of an efficient, safe, and well-maintained intermodal transportation system is essential to improve safety, relieve congestion, promote continued economic growth, and provide an increased quality of life for the people of this state.

B. Public revenue, including federal funds, has not kept pace with the state's growing transportation system needs. The legislature hereby finds and declares that it is a matter of public necessity to create the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority to pursue alternative and innovative funding sources, including but not limited to public-private partnerships and tolls, to supplement public revenue sources and improve the state transportation system.

C.(1) The legislature hereby finds and declares that it is a matter of public necessity to authorize the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority to pursue public-private partnerships or other authorized methods to supplement public revenue sources and to pursue alternative and innovative funding sources to improve Louisiana's transportation system by funding a six-lane bridge, located parallel to the existing Interstate 10 Calcasieu River Bridge, with shoulders, a pedestrian walkway, and related ingress and egress through tolls.

(2) The legislature further finds that authorizing the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority to contract with private entities for the development or operation of a tollway equipped with tolls will provide significant public benefit for the citizens of Louisiana and minimize the need for the imposition of additional taxes. The public need for timely and cost-efficient development or operation of transportation facilities within the state may not be wholly satisfied by existing methods utilized by public entities to develop and operate qualifying

1	transportation facilities.
2	D. It is the intent of this Chapter to encourage investment in the state of
3	Louisiana by private entities to develop and operate qualifying transportation
4	facilities.
5	§2223. Definitions
6	Unless the text clearly indicates otherwise, the following words or
7	phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them:
8	(1) "Act" shall mean the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority Act.
9	(2) "Authority" shall mean the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority
10	created by this Chapter.
11	(3) "Board" shall mean the board of directors of the authority.
12	(4) "Department" shall mean the Louisiana Department of
13	Transportation and Development.
14	(5) "Federal government" shall mean the United States of America and
15	any agency or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of the United States of
16	America.
17	(6) "Person" shall mean any individual, partnership, firm, corporation,
18	company, cooperative, association, society, trust, or any other business unit or
19	entity, including any state or federal agency.
20	(7) "Private entity" shall mean a corporation, limited partnership,
21	general partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, business trust, or
22	other business entity.
23	(8) "Project" shall mean any capital project undertaken pursuant to this
24	Chapter, including the acquisition of real property, construction,
25	reconstruction, improvement, extension, installation, development, landscaping,
26	or operation of a tollway.
27	(9) "Project costs" shall mean all costs associated with and necessary to
28	plan, design, acquire property rights, and construct a project, and such other
29	expenses as may be necessary or incidental to the construction, financing, and

1	operation of the project.
2	(10) "Public utility facilities" shall mean tracks, pipes, mains, conduits,
3	cables, wires, towers, poles, and other equipment and appliances which are
4	either publicly or privately owned.
5	(11) "Real property" shall mean lands, waters, rights in lands or waters,
6	structures, franchises, and interests in land, including lands under water,
7	riparian rights, property rights in air space or subsurface, and any and all other
8	things and rights usually included within said term, including any and all
9	interests in such property less than full title.
10	(12) "Revenue" shall mean:
11	(a) Any income, revenue, toll, and receipt derived or to be derived from
12	the construction and operation of projects by the authority or received by the
13	authority from any other sources.
14	(b) Monies generated by way of contract, pledge, donation, or bequest.
15	(13) "Secretary" shall mean the secretary of the Louisiana Department
16	of Transportation and Development.
17	(14) "State" shall mean the state of Louisiana or any agency or
18	instrumentality of the state.
19	(15) "Toll" shall mean any fee or charge for the use of a tollway.
20	(16) "Tollway" shall mean any limited access highway, bridge, or other
21	transportation facility constructed or operated by the authority.
22	§2224. Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority; creation; board of directors;
23	quorum; compensation; meetings
24	A. The Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority, hereafter referred to as the
25	"authority", is hereby created possessing full corporate powers to promote,
26	plan, finance, develop, construct, control, regulate, operate, and maintain any
27	limited access tollway or transitway to be constructed within its jurisdiction.
28	B. The domicile of the authority shall be Calcasieu Parish.
29	C.(1) The board shall consist of nine directors who shall be the

1	governing body of the authority, with full power to promulgate rules and
2	regulations for the maintenance and operation of the authority, and shall be
3	composed as follows:
4	(a) Two directors who reside in Calcasieu Parish, one of which shall be
5	a minority, selected by the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury.
6	(b) Two directors who reside in Lake Charles, one of which shall be a
7	minority, selected by the Lake Charles City Council.
8	(c) One director who resides in Sulphur, selected by the municipal
9	governing authority of the city of Sulphur.
10	(d) One director who resides in Westlake, selected by the municipal
11	governing authority of the city of Westlake.
12	(e) Three directors selected by the legislative delegation representing
13	Calcasieu Parish.
14	(2) The authority shall elect from its directors a chairman, a vice
15	chairman, and a secretary-treasurer who shall serve one-year terms.
16	D. The appointed directors shall take and subscribe to the oath of office
17	required of public officials. Appointed directors shall serve until their
18	successors are appointed and sworn into office. Directors may be removed from
19	office for cause by a district court having jurisdiction.
20	E. A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the
21	transaction of official business. All official actions of the authority shall require
22	an affirmative vote of the directors present and voting at any meeting.
23	F. Directors of the authority shall not be entitled to any salary for the
24	performance of their duties as directors, but each member shall be reimbursed
25	for actual expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of all duties in
26	connection with business of the authority. Appointed directors may be
27	reimbursed for mileage expenses incurred for attendance at meetings of the
28	authority. The mileage allowance shall be fived by the authority in an amount

not to exceed the mileage allowance authorized under state travel regulations,

1	at rates and standards as promulgated by the division of administration subject
2	to the availability of funds.
3	G. The authority shall meet at least quarterly and may meet more
4	frequently upon call of the chairman.
5	H. The boundary and jurisdiction of the authority shall be coextensive
6	with the boundaries of Calcasieu Parish.
7	I. The authority may perform, procure from the Department of
8	Transportation and Development with the consent of its secretary, or procure
9	from outside service providers any service or portion of services necessary to
10	fulfill the duties and obligations of the authority.
11	§2225. Conflict of interest; ethics code
12	Any authority created pursuant to this Chapter, and all directors and
13	officers of the authority, shall be subject to the provisions of R.S. 42:1101 et.
14	seq., more specifically referenced as the Code of Governmental Ethics.
15	§2226. Right of public agencies to material
16	The authority created pursuant to this Chapter shall be subject to and
17	fully comply with the public records law pursuant to R.S. 44:1 et seq., and the
18	open meetings law pursuant to R.S. 42:4.1 et seq., of the state. The proceedings
19	and documents of the authority shall be public record. All reports, maps, or
20	other technical documents produced in whole or in part by the authority may
21	be utilized by the authority or any other public agency in any manner that it
22	considers necessary and advisable in the conduct of its duties.
23	§2227. Establish feasibility; prior written approval
24	A. The authority may construct new additional highway tolls or
25	transitway toll facilities only with the prior express written consent of the
26	affected governing bodies within the geographic boundaries of the authority
27	after public hearing, including but not limited to the department.
28	B. Prior to the creation of the authority and the initiation of

environmental impact statements, feasibility studies must first be conducted

1	under sponsorship or approval of the department or the metropolitan planning
2	organization, if applicable, to substantiate project need and justification.
3	§2228. Jurisdiction; powers of the authority
4	In addition to having all of the powers granted it by virtue of it being a
5	nonprofit corporation created pursuant to the Louisiana Nonprofit Corporation
6	Law, the authority may exercise powers necessary, appurtenant, convenient, or
7	incidental to the carrying out of its purposes, including but not limited to the
8	following rights and powers:
9	(1) To adopt and amend bylaws, rules, and regulations necessary to
10	carry out the purposes of the authority, for the governance of its affairs, and for
11	the conduct of its business.
12	(2) To adopt, use, and alter at will an official seal.
13	(3)(a) To plan, construct, reconstruct, maintain, improve, install, extend,
14	develop, repair, operate, own, or lease projects within its jurisdiction in the
15	manner to be determined by the authority and to pay any project costs.
16	(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any authority
17	project that includes the construction or reconstruction of an existing state or
18	federal highway shall have the express written consent of the department and
19	federal government prior to the commencement of any development,
20	construction, or reconstruction activities.
21	(4) To sue and be sued in its own name.
22	(5) To fix, impose, revise, and occasionally adjust tolls, fees, and charges
23	in connection with its projects sufficient to pay all maintenance, operation, debt
24	service and reserve or replacement costs, and other necessary or usual charges.
25	(6) To regulate speed limits on the tollways consistent with state speed
26	<u>limits.</u>
27	(7) To contract with any person, partnership, association, or corporation
28	desiring the use of any part of a project, including the right-of-way adjoining

the paved portion, for placing thereon telephone, fiber optic, telegraph, electric

necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this Chapter. Such entry shall not

1	be deemed a trespass or unlawful. The authority shall make reimbursement for
2	any actual damages resulting to such lands, waters, and premises as a result of
3	such activities.
4	(14) To procure insurance in such amount or amounts appropriate to
5	the size of the project, as determined by the board, insuring the authority
6	against all losses, risk, and liability arising out of the construction, operation,
7	maintenance, and ownership of any project.
8	(15) To apply for, receive, and accept grants, loans, advances, and
9	contributions from any source of money, property, labor, or other things of
10	value, to be held, used, and applied for its corporate purposes.
11	(16) To open accounts at financial institutions necessary to conduct its
12	business and to invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds, or any funds
13	not required for immediate disbursement in such investments as may be
14	provided in any financing document relating to the use of such funds, or, if not
15	so provided, as the board may determine, subject to compliance with state laws
16	relative to investments by political subdivisions.
17	(17) To borrow money and issue bonds for any corporate purpose.
18	(18) To enter into contracts and agreements and execute all instruments
19	necessary or convenient for accomplishing the purposes of the authority.
20	(19) To enter into agreements with a public or private entity to
21	construct, maintain, repair, or operate authority projects.
22	(20) To authorize the investment of public and private money to finance
23	authority projects, subject to compliance with state law relative to the use of
24	public funds.
25	(21) To employ consultants, engineers, attorneys, accountants,
26	construction and financial experts, superintendents, managers, and such other
27	employees and agents as may be necessary for the accomplishment of its
28	purposes and to fix their compensation.
29	(22) To perform all acts necessary or convenient to execute the powers

1 granted to the authority by law. 2 §2229. Acquisition of lands and property 3 A. For the purposes of this Chapter, the authority may acquire private or public property and property rights by donation, purchase, or exchange in 4 5 the transportation corridor designated by the authority, as the authority may 6 consider necessary for any of the purposes provided in this Chapter. 7 B. In the acquisition of land and property rights, the authority may 8 acquire an entire lot, block, or tract of land, if, by so doing, the acquisition cost 9 to the authority will be equal to or less than the cost of acquiring only that 10 portion of the property necessary for the project. 11 C. The authority may sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of all or any portion of a project, provided that the sale, lease, or other disposition of a 12 13 state-designated project shall require department approval. Notwithstanding 14 any law to the contrary, any surplus property may be sold in accordance with 15 procedures adopted by the authority that maximize the price received for such 16 property. D. When the authority acquires property for a project, it is not subject 17 to any liability imposed by preexisting conditions. This Subsection does not, 18 19 however, affect the rights or liabilities of any past or future owners of the 20 acquired property, nor does it affect the liability of any governmental entity for 21 the results of its actions which create or exacerbate a pollution source. The 22 authority and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality may enter into interagency agreements for the performance, funding, and reimbursement 23 24 of the investigative and remedial acts necessary for property acquired by the 25 authority. §2230. Public utilities 26 27 A.(1) The authority shall have the power to make reasonable regulations

for the installation, construction, maintenance, repair, renewal, relocation, and

removal of any public utility, railroad, or pipeline company, in, on, along, over,

28

or	und	er	a	proj	iect.

(2) If the authority determines that it is necessary for any public utility facilities to be relocated, removed, or carried along or across an authority project by grade separation, the owner or operator of such facilities shall relocate or remove the same in accordance with the order of the authority; however, the cost and expense of such relocation, removal, or grade separation, including the cost of installing such facilities in a new location or locations, and the cost of any land, or any rights or interest in lands, and any other rights acquired to accomplish such relocation or removal, shall be paid as project costs by the authority.

(3) In the case of any such relocation or removal, the owners or operators of public utility facilities, their successors or assigns, may use and operate said public utility facilities in the new location or locations upon the same terms and conditions enjoyed prior to relocation or removal.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this Section, any utility allowed to exist on an authority's right-of-way shall be responsible for any cost of relocation, removal, or grade separation and all expenses related thereto.

§2231. Contracts; construction; project development; law enforcement

A. Contracts of the authority for the construction, improvement, repair, or maintenance of any authority project shall be made and awarded under the same conditions, terms, requirements, and provisions as are provided by law with respect to contracts of the state, parish, or municipality.

B. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the authority may contract with a private entity to provide services for design, cost estimate, feasibility studies, operations, management, and construction management services, provided that any contract awarded for such services be awarded only after the authority drafts and uses a request for proposal seeking proposals from qualified providers.

C. The authority shall contract with either the state police, a law enforcement district, or municipal law enforcement agency to perform law enforcement and patrol functions on any authority project.

§2232. Bonds

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

A. Without reference to any provision of the Constitution of Louisiana and the laws of Louisiana, and as a grant of power in addition to any other general or special law, the authority created pursuant to this Chapter may issue bonds for any corporate purpose and pledge revenues for the payment of the principal and interest of such bonds. The authority is further authorized, in its discretion, to pledge all or any part of any gift, grant, donation, or otherwise any sum of money, aid, or assistance from the United States, the state, or any political subdivision of the state, unless otherwise restricted, all or any part of the proceeds of bonds, credit agreements, instruments, or any other money of the authority, from any source derived, for the further securing of the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds.

B. Bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall not be considered a pledge of the full faith and credit of the state or of any governmental unit of the state. All bonds shall contain a statement on their face substantially to the effect that neither the full faith and credit of the state nor the full faith and credit of any public entity of the state are pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on such bonds. The issuance of bonds in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the state or any governmental unit of the state to levy any taxes or make any appropriation for their payment, other than obligations to make payments by the state or any public entity to the authority arising out of contracts authorized by this Chapter.

C. Prior to the issuance of any bonds for a project, a business plan shall be prepared detailing the estimated expenditures for and revenues from the operation of all capital improvements and the time schedule for such

	SB NO. 50
1	expenditures and receipts. The business plan shall be approved by the authority
2	and considered fiscally sound by the financial advisor employed by the
3	authority.
4	D. Bonds shall be authorized by a resolution of the authority and shall
5	be of such series, bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times, bear
6	interest at such rate or rates, including but not limited to fixed, variable, or zero
7	rates, be payable at such time or times, be in such denominations, be in such
8	form, carry such registration and exchangeability privilege, be payable in such
9	medium of payment and at such place or places, be subject to such terms of
10	redemption prior to maturity at such price or prices as determined by the
11	authority, and be entitled to such priority on the revenues as such resolution or
12	resolutions may provide.
13	E. Bonds shall be sold by the authority at public sale by competitive bid
14	or negotiated private sale and at such price as the authority may determine to
15	be in the best interest of the authority.
16	F.(1) The issuance of bonds shall not be subject to any limitations,
17	requirements, or conditions contained in any other law, and bonds, may be
18	issued without obtaining the consent of the state or any political subdivision, or
19	of any agency, commission, or instrumentality of the state or any political
20	subdivision, except that the issuance shall be subject to the approval of the State
21	Bond Commission.
22	(2) The bonds shall be issued in compliance with the provisions of this
23	Chapter.

25

26

27

28

29

G.(1) For a period of thirty days after the date of publication of a notice of intent to issue bonds in the official journal of the authority authorizing the issuance of bonds, as provided in this Section, any interested person shall have the right to contest the legality of the resolution and the legality of the bond issue for any cause. After that time, no one shall have any cause or right of

action to contest the legality of the resolution or of the bonds or the security of

the bonds for any cause.

1

28

29

(2) If no suit, action, or proceeding is initiated contesting the validity of 2 the resolution, the bonds, or the security for the bonds within the thirty days, 3 as provided by this Subsection, the authority to issue and provide for the 4 5 payment and legality of the bonds and all provisions of the resolution or other proceedings authorizing the issuance of the bonds shall be conclusively 6 7 presumed, and no court shall have authority to inquire into such matters. 8 (3) Any notice of intent published shall provide, in reasonable detail, the 9 purpose, security, amount, duration, and interest rates for the bond. The 10 authority may designate any paper of general circulation in its geographical 11 jurisdiction to publish the notice of intent or may utilize electronic media 12 available to the general public. 13 (4) Any suit to determine the validity of bonds issued by the commission shall be brought only in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 13:5121 et seq. 14 H. All bonds issued pursuant to this Chapter shall have all the qualities 15 of negotiable instruments under the commercial laws of the state. 16 I. Any pledge of revenues or other monies made by the authority shall 17 be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made. The revenues or monies 18 19 pledged and subsequently received by the authority shall immediately be 20 subject to the lien of such pledge, without any physical delivery of the pledge or 21 further act, and the lien of any pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the 22 authority, regardless of whether the parties received notice of the claims. 23 24 J. Neither the members of the authority nor any person executing the 25 bonds shall be liable personally for the bonds or be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance of the bonds. 26 27 K.(1) Bonds of the authority, their transfer, and the income arising from

the bonds shall, at all times, be exempt from all taxation by the state or any

political subdivision of the state and may or may not be exempt for federal

income tax purposes.

(2) The bonds issued pursuant to this Chapter shall be considered legal
and authorized investments for banks, savings banks, trust companies, building
and loan associations, insurance companies, fiduciaries, trustees, and guardians
and shall be eligible to secure the deposit of any and all public funds of the state
and any and all public funds of municipalities, parishes, school districts, or
other political corporations or subdivisions of the state. Such bonds shall be
lawful and sufficient security for deposits to the extent of their value.
L. The authority is authorized to provide for the issuance of refunding
bonds, then outstanding and issued, by resolution. The issuance of refunding
bonds, the maturities, and other relevant details, the rights and remedies of the
bondholders, and the rights, powers, privileges, duties, and obligations of the
authority with respect to the same, shall be governed by the provisions of
Chapter 26 of this Title.
M. The holders of any bonds issued, as provided in this Section, shall
have such rights and remedies as may be provided in the resolution or trust
agreement authorizing the issuance of the bonds, including but not limited to
appointment of a trustee for the bondholders and any other available civil
action to compel compliance with the terms and provisions of the bonds and the
resolution or trust agreement.
N. The authority is authorized to employ all professionals it considers
necessary in the issuance of its bonds.
O. The authority shall be considered a public entity for purposes of
Chapters 13, 13-A, 14, 14-A, 14-B, and 15-A of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised
Statutes of 1950, as amended, which statutes shall apply to bonds of the

§2233. Conveyance of project; maintenance

A. When the bonds issued for any project and the interest on any bond

authority, provided that in the event of a conflict with the provisions of this

Chapter, the provisions of Chapter 26 of this Title shall control.

issued have been paid in full, or sufficient funds have been deposited in trust for that purpose, and the project is in a condition which meets department standards for structural condition and geometric design and is in a condition of maintenance satisfactory to the department, such project and any property acquired for the project may be transferred by the authority in full ownership to the state.

B. The department shall assume jurisdiction and control of the project as a part of the state highway system, provided that the legislature authorizes an increase in mileage of the state highway system equal to the length of the authority project to be transferred. Any authority project transferred to and accepted by the department shall be operated and maintained by the department as an integral part of the state highway system and the department, at the discretion of the secretary, may continue to collect any toll or fee for the purpose of maintenance of the project.

§2234. Public-private partnership projects

A. Any proposal to develop or operate a transportation facility as a public private partnership project pursuant to this Chapter shall be approved by the authority and the department. Prior to the authority approving a proposal to develop or operate a transportation facility as a public-private partnership, the authority shall submit the proposal to the House and Senate committees on transportation, highways and public works. The chairman of each committee shall call a public hearing within thirty days of receiving the proposal from the authority for the purpose of receiving information and public comments on the proposal. Transportation facility proposals may be initiated by a private entity, the authority, or the department.

B. A private entity may submit an unsolicited proposal to the authority to develop or operate a qualifying transportation facility; however, the private entity shall apply to the authority for approval. The authority shall advertise any unsolicited proposal submitted by a private entity for the purposes of

1	receiving competitive proposals for the same proposed qualifying transportation
2	facility. Competitors shall have ninety days from the date of advertisement to
3	submit competitive proposals to the authority. The authority shall charge a
4	reasonable fee to cover its costs to process, review, and evaluate an unsolicited
5	proposal submitted by a private entity. An unsolicited proposal for a qualifying
6	transportation facility submitted by a private entity shall include all the
7	following:
8	(1) A topographic map with a scale of 1:2,000, or other appropriate
9	scale, that delineates the location of the proposed transportation facility.
10	(2) A detailed description of the proposed qualifying transportation
11	facility, including a conceptual design of the facility and all proposed
12	interconnections with existing or planned transportation facilities.
13	(3) The proposed date for acquisition, construction, or improvement of
14	the proposed transportation facility.
15	(4) A statement setting forth the private entity's planned method of
16	acquisition of all property interests required for the proposed qualifying
17	transportation facility, including the nature of the property interests to be
18	acquired and a description of any property the private entity expects to request
19	the authority to acquire.
20	(5) The transportation plan of each affected local jurisdiction, including
21	a statement of the status of the proposed qualifying transportation facility.
22	(6) A preliminary list of local, state, or federal agency permits or
23	approvals expected to be required in order to develop or operate the proposed
24	qualifying transportation facility and a projected schedule for obtaining such
25	permits or approvals.
26	(7) A preliminary list of public utility facilities expected to be crossed or
27	relocated by the proposed qualifying transportation facility and a statement of
28	the plans of the private entity to accommodate or relocate such crossings.

(8) A statement detailing the private entity's plan to finance, develop,

1	and operate the proposed qualifying transportation facility, including
2	identification of dedicated revenue sources and proposed debt or equity
3	investments by the private entity or applicable public entities.
4	(9) The names and addresses of the persons who may be contacted for
5	further information concerning the request.
6	(10) Any additional material and information reasonably requested by
7	the authority.
8	C. In the case of solicited proposals, the authority is authorized to
9	request proposals from private entities to develop or operate a transportation
10	facility. The authority may charge a reasonable fee to cover its costs to process,
11	review, and evaluate solicited proposals received in response to such requests.
12	D.(1) The authority may approve the proposal of a private entity to
13	develop or operate a qualifying transportation facility after consultation with
14	the department and a determination is made that the proposal serves a public
15	purpose. The authority shall consider the following factors to determine if a
16	private entity proposal serves a public purpose:
17	(a) There is a public need for a transportation facility or facilities of the
18	type the private entity proposes to develop or operate as a transportation
19	facility.
20	(b) The transportation facility or facilities and the proposed
21	interconnections with existing transportation facilities and the private entity's
22	plans for operation of the qualifying transportation facility or facilities are
23	reasonable and not incompatible with the state transportation plan and with the
24	local governmental entity's comprehensive plan or plans.
25	(c) The estimated cost of the transportation facility or facilities is
26	reasonable in relation to other similar facilities.
27	(d) The private entity's proposal will result in the timely development
28	or more efficient operation of the transportation facility.
29	(2) In evaluating any request, the authority may rely upon internal staff

1 reports prepared by personnel familiar with the operation of similar facilities 2 or the advice of outside advisors or consultants having relevant experience. 3 E.(1) Approval by the authority shall be subject to the private entity's entering into a comprehensive agreement with the authority. 4 (2) The authority shall establish a date to commence the acquisition of 5 property for the construction of a new transportation facility or a date to 6 7 commence construction of improvements to an established transportation 8 facility. The authority, in its discretion, may grant extensions of these dates. 9 F. The authority shall take appropriate action to protect trade secrets 10 and other confidential, privileged, and proprietary information received from 11 a private entity, including but not limited to information exempt from 12 disclosure under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the Public Records 13 Law. The authority may enter into confidentiality agreements in connection with any private entity proposal, comprehensive agreement, service contract, 14 lease, or agreement for a qualifying transportation facility. 15 16 **G.** The authority shall further operate in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 48:2084.1 through 2084.15 and any other applicable provision of law 17 18 relative to public-private partnership projects. The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Archana D. Cadge.

DIGEST 2023 Regular Session

Abraham

Proposed law establishes the "Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority Act".

SB 50 Original

Proposed law specifies that any provision not contained or addressed in the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority Act will be governed by the La. Transportation Development Act.

Proposed law authorizes the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority to contract with private entities for the development or operation of a tollway equipped with tolls.

Proposed law provides for definitions relative to the Calcasieu Parish Tolling Authority Act.

Proposed law establishes the composition of the board as nine individuals, two of which must be minority; and provides for the creation of the board of directors for the Tolling Authority and how the board shall operate, elect members, and term limits. Proposed law further provides the authority the power to promulgate rules and regulations for the maintenance and operation of the authority.

Page 19 of 20

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

<u>Proposed law</u> specifies that the boundary and jurisdiction of the authority is coextensive with the boundaries of Calcasieu Parish.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides relative to the tolling authority's operations and abilities to contract; and the powers and duties or the authority relative to carrying out its purpose. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides the authority has powers granted by virtue of it being a nonprofit corporation and may exercise powers necessary, appurtenant, convenient, or incidental to the carrying out of its purposes.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides the authority may only construct new addition highway tolls or transit toll facilities with the prior express written consent of the affected governing bodies within the geographic boundaries of the authority after public hearing.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that any proposal to develop or operate a transportation facility as a public-private partnership project pursuant to <u>proposed law</u> must be approved by the authority and the department and prior to the authority approving a proposal to develop or operate a transportation facility as a public-private partnership, the authority must submit the proposal to the House and Senate committees on transportation, highways and public works for hearing and public comment.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the authority to operate in accordance with the provisions of law relative to public-private partnership projects.

Effective August 1, 2023.

(Adds R.S. 48:2221-2234)