HLS 23RS-372 ENGROSSED

2023 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 91

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE GOUDEAU

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

CRIME/HOMICIDE: Provides relative to vehicular homicide

2	To enact Code of Criminal Procedure Article 883.2(E) and R.S. 14:32.1(E), relative to
3	operating a vehicle while intoxicated; to provide relative to the crime of vehicular
4	homicide; to provide relative to penalties of the crime of vehicular homicide; to
5	require certain restitution payments to the minor child of the victim; and to provide
6	for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. Code of Criminal Procedure Article 883.2(E) is hereby enacted to read
9	as follows:
10	Art. 883.2. Restitution to victim
11	* * *
12	E.(1) Whoever commits the crime of vehicular homicide shall be ordered by
13	the court to pay restitution to the child of the victim until the child reaches eighteen
14	years of age. If the child reaches eighteen years of age and is enrolled in a program
15	of study which upon completion will entitle him to be issued a high school
16	equivalency diploma, then the restitution shall continue to be paid until he earns such
17	diploma or reaches the age of twenty-one, whichever first occurs.
18	(2) The court shall order the offender to pay restitution in an amount that is
19	reasonable and necessary to the child after considering all relevant factors, including
20	but not limited to:

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	(a) The financial needs and resources of the child.
2	(b) The financial resources and needs of the surviving parent or, if no other
3	parent is alive or capable of caring for the child, the guardian of the child, including
4	the state if the state is the guardian.
5	(c) The standard of living the child would have enjoyed if the parent would
6	have survived.
7	(d) The physical and emotional condition and the educational needs of the
8	child.
9	(e) The physical and legal custody arrangements of the child.
10	(f) The reasonable work-related child care expenses of the surviving parent
11	or guardian.
12	(3)(a) If the surviving parent or guardian of the child brings a civil action
13	against the offender prior to the issuance of a restitution order under this Subsection
14	and the surviving parent or guardian obtains a judgment in his favor in the civil suit,
15	no restitution shall be ordered under this Subsection.
16	(b) If the court orders restitution under this Subsection and the surviving
17	parent or guardian brings a civil action against the offender and obtains a judgment
18	in his favor, the restitution order may offset the judgment awarded in the civil action.
19	Section 2. R.S. 14:32.1(E) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
20	§32.1. Vehicular homicide
21	* * *
22	E. In addition to the penalties provided in this Section, a person convicted
23	of a violation of this Section shall be ordered to make restitution as provided in Code
24	of Criminal Procedure Article 883.2.
25	Section 3. This Act shall be cited and referred to as "Cody's Law".

## **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 91 Engrossed

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Goudeau

**Abstract:** Provides relative to the penalties for the crime of vehicular homicide and requires the court to order restitution payments to the minor child of the victim of the offense.

Present law (C.Cr.P. Art. 883.2) provides for restitution.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and requires the offender to make payments to the victim's minor child until the child reaches the age of 18.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that if the child reaches the age of 18 and is enrolled in a program of study which upon completion will entitle him to be issued a high school equivalency diploma, then the restitution shall continue to be paid until he earns such diploma or reaches the age of 21, whichever first occurs.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a list of factors to consider in the determination of the amount of the restitution payments.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that if a civil suit is brought and a judgment is rendered against the offender prior to a restitution order, then a restitution order shall not be ordered in accordance with <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> specifies that if the court orders restitution and a judgment was obtained from a civil suit in favor of the surviving parent or guardian, the restitution order may offset the judgment awarded.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 14:32.1) provides that the crime of vehicular homicide is the killing of a human being caused by an offender engaged in the operation of any motor vehicle, aircraft, watercraft, or other means of conveyance while the offender was under the influence of alcohol, a controlled dangerous substance, or a combination of both that was a contributing factor to the killing.

Present law also provides penalties for the crime of vehicular homicide.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that in addition to the penalties provided in <u>present law</u>, a person convicted of a violation of <u>present law</u> shall be ordered to make restitution as provided in present law (C.Cr.P. Art. 883.2).

Provides that proposed law shall be referred to as "Cody's Law".

(Adds C.Cr.P. Art. 883.2(E) and R.S. 14:32.1(E))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Administration of Criminal Justice</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:

1. Make technical changes.

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2. Delete <u>proposed law</u> language relative to the time period that an offender has to pay restitution after his release.

3. Delete <u>proposed law</u> language that reduces an unpaid outstanding restitution balance to a civil money judgment.