SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SB 140 2023 Regular Session Foil

KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SEIZURE/SALES. Provides relative to online judicial sales. (8/1/23)

SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

House Committee on Civil Law and Procedure adopted amendments (#3320) that were then removed from the bill on the House Floor

DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SB 140 Reengrossed

2023 Regular Session

Foil

<u>Present law</u> (C.C.P. Art. 2293(B)(1)) requires service of notice of seizure to be made by the sheriff upon the judgment debtor and requires the notice of seizure to include the time, date, and place of the sheriff's sale.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and, for sales conducted through an online auction, requires the notice of seizure to state that fact and to provide the date and time and the electronic address of the platform through which bids can be entered. <u>Proposed law</u> also makes technical corrections.

<u>Present law</u> (C.C.P. Art. 2334) sets forth certain procedural requirements applicable to sheriff's sales concerning reading the advertisement and reading or providing a copy of a mortgage certificate or any other certificate.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and, for sales conducted through an online auction, requires the advertisement and mortgage or other certificate to be displayed or made accessible on the electronic platform.

<u>Proposed law</u> (C.C.P. Art. 2344) sets forth the procedures relative to online auctions with respect to providing notice, conducting online auctions, entering bids, displaying the advertisement and mortgage or other certificates, imposing qualifications on bidders, and indicating the presence of the seizing creditor.

<u>Present law</u> (C.C.P. Art. 2721) requires service of notice of seizure to be made by the sheriff and requires the notice of seizure to include the time, date, and place of the sheriff's sale.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and, for sales conducted through an online auction, requires the notice of seizure to state that fact and to provide the date and time and the electronic address of the platform through which bids can be entered. <u>Proposed law</u> also makes technical corrections.

<u>Present law</u> (C.C.P. Art. 2724(A)) extends the application of certain provisions relative to writs of fieri facias to writs of seizure and sale.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 13:3852) sets forth the requirements applicable to notices of seizure, provides a form, and provides that the sheriff is not required to serve further notice of rescheduled sale dates if the sheriff has not returned the writ.

<u>Proposed law</u> extends the application of <u>present law</u> to online auctions by requiring the form to provide the date and time of the online auction and the electronic address of the platform through which bids may be entered. <u>Proposed law</u> also provides that the sheriff is not required to serve further notice of rescheduled online auction dates if the sheriff has not returned the writ.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 13:4341) provides with respect to the time and place of judicial sales and provides for the adjournment of sales to the following legal day.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires online auctions to be conducted on one of the days specified by <u>present law</u> but otherwise exempts online auctions from the requirements set forth by <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 13:4358) provides with respect to the use and compensation of online auction companies, including the assessment and maximum amount of fixed fees and buyer's premiums. <u>Proposed law</u> prohibits the sheriff from delegating certain duties and prohibits online auction companies from collecting additional fees or reimbursements or agreeing to share any monies received with the sheriff. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides for requirements concerning data security and liability insurance in contracts with online auction companies and, if the auction company will receive funds from bidders, requires the auction company to furnish a fidelity bond and hold the funds in a separate escrow or trust account.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 13:4360) provides with respect to the reoffering or readvertising of property for which full payment of the adjudication price has not been made.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that for sales conducted through an online auction, payment is due by 4:30 p.m. on the first day following the sale that is not a legal holiday; otherwise, the property may be adjudicated to the second highest bidder or readvertised.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 13:4369) prohibits the institution of actions to set aside judicial sales conducted through online auctions for noncompliance with procedural requirements if the sheriff either has filed the proces verbal or has filed the sale for recordation in the conveyance records, for immovables, or has delivered an act of sale, for movables.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 13:5530(A)(7)(a)) sets forth the sheriffs' commissions on sales of property and defines "price of adjudication".

Effective August 1, 2023.

(Amends C.C.P. Arts. 2293(B)(1), 2334, 2721, and 2724(A) and R.S. 13:3852, 4341, 4360, and 5530(A)(7)(a); Adds C.C.P. Art. 2344 and R.S. 13:4358 and 4369)

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