## **DIGEST**

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HB 716 Original

2024 Regular Session

Owen

**Abstract:** Provides for universal recognition of occupational licenses.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides definitions for "board', "occupational license", "other state" or "another state", and "scope of practice".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that notwithstanding any other law, a board shall issue an occupational license or certification to a person upon application, if all the following apply:

- (1) The applicant holds a current and valid occupational license or certification in another state in a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board in this state.
- (2) The applicant has held the occupational license or certification in the other state for at least one year.
- (3) The other state required the applicant to pass an examination, or to meet education, training, or experience standards.
- (4) The other state holds the applicant in good standing.
- (5) The applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal record as determined by the board in this state under state law.
- (6) The applicant does not have a disciplinary action or investigation pending in another state. If the applicant has a disciplinary action or investigation pending, the board in this state shall not issue or deny an occupational license or certification to the person until the disciplinary action or investigation is resolved or the person otherwise meets the criteria for an occupational license or certification in this state to the satisfaction of the board in this state.
- (7) The applicant pays all applicable fees in this state.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if another state issued the applicant a certification, but this state requires an occupational license to work, the board in this state shall issue an occupational license to the applicant if the applicant otherwise satisfies proposed law.

Proposed law provides that a board may require an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination

specific to relevant state laws that regulate the occupation if an occupational license or certification in this state requires an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state statutes and administrative rules that regulate the occupation or certification.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board shall provide an applicant with a written decision regarding the application within 60 days after receiving a complete application.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that an applicant may appeal the board's decision to a court of general jurisdiction. An applicant may appeal any of the following:

- (1) The board's denial of an occupational license or certification.
- (2) The board's determination of the occupation or certification.
- (3) The board's determination of the similarity of the scope of practice of the occupational license or certification issued.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a person who obtains an occupational license or certification pursuant to <u>proposed law</u> is subject to the laws regulating the occupation in this state and the jurisdiction of the board in this state.

<u>Proposed law</u> does not apply to an occupation regulated by the state supreme court.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall be construed to prohibit a person from applying for an occupational license or certification under another statute or rule in state law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that an occupational license or certification issued pursuant <u>proposed law</u> is valid only in this state. It does not make the person eligible to work in another state under an interstate compact or reciprocity agreement unless otherwise provided in law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall be construed to prevent this state from entering into a licensing compact or reciprocity agreement with another state, foreign province, foreign country, international organization, or other entity.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall be construed to prevent this state from recognizing occupational credentials issued by a private certification organization, foreign province, foreign country, international organization, or other entity.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall be construed to require a private certification organization to grant or deny private certification to any individual.

(Adds R.S. 37:51-58)