SENATE COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

2024 Regular Session

Substitute for Engrossed Senate Bill No. 288 by Senator McMath as proposed by Senate Committee on Finance.

This document reflects the content of a substitute bill but is not in a bill form; page numbers in this document DO NOT correspond to page numbers in the substitute bill itself.

To amend and reenact R.S. 17:100.13, relative to expanded academic support for certain low-performing students; to provide for high-dosage tutoring; to provide for high-quality tutoring providers; to provide for the responsibility of the state Department of Education; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

Section 1. R.S. 17:100.13 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§100.13. Expanded academic support

A. Each school year, each student in grades three <u>kindergarten</u> through <u>eight</u> <u>five</u> who failed to achieve mastery on any statewide assessment administered pursuant to the state's school and district accountability system in reading or math in the previous academic year <u>or performed below grade level on a literacy or</u> <u>numeracy screening in the current academic year</u> shall be provided expanded academic support as provided in Subsection B of this Section.

B. Each city, parish, or other local public school board shall develop an educational <u>a</u> plan and supporting budget to provide expanded academic support to students identified pursuant to Subsection A of this Section using federal funds provided for educational relief due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The plan shall be submitted to the state Department of Education not later than September 30, 2021, fifteenth of each year for review and approval.

(1) Educational plans shall adhere to state board rules and regulations pertaining to pupil progression and individual academic improvement plans.

(2) Supporting budgets shall adhere to all applicable federal and state regulations, including but not limited to those enacted pursuant to the federal Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund.

C. The department shall review each plan submitted for compliance with applicable federal and state regulations, including state board regulations pursuant to pupil progression and individual academic improvement plans. The department shall provide feedback to the local board if necessary to bring the plan into compliance with applicable regulations.

D. If any city, parish, or other local public school board fails to have an approved plan in place by August 1, 2023, the school board shall adhere to any revised requirements provided for in this Section or any State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education policy that is not inconsistent with this Section.

E.D. The parent or legal guardian of a Each student identified in need of expanded academic support shall be provided one of the following options:

(1) Prioritized placement in a class taught by a teacher labeled as "highly effective" pursuant to the state's teacher evaluation system, if a highly effective teacher is available in the school.

(1)(2) Accelerated instruction <u>High-dosage tutoring</u> as provided in Subsection F of this Section to commence no later than thirty days after the student is identified in need of expanded academic support.

(2) Prioritized placement in a class taught by a teacher labeled as "highly effective" pursuant to the state's teacher evaluation system, if a highly effective teacher is available in the school.

F.<u>E.</u> Accelerated instruction <u>High-dosage tutoring</u> provided pursuant to this Section shall <u>meet all of the following criteria</u>:

(1) Include targeted instruction in the subject matter of reading or math in which the student has failed to perform satisfactorily. Incorporate direct instruction by tutors using formative assessments aligned with grade-level content and Tier 1 classroom instruction.

(2) Be provided in addition to the instruction normally provided to students in the grade level in which the student is enrolled. <u>sustained for a minimum of ten</u> <u>weeks.</u> (3) Be provided in one-on-one or small group instruction, at least three times per week, in **approximately** thirty-minute minimum sessions, which may **shall** be embedded in the school day or provided outside of the school day.

(4) <u>Use assessments throughout the school year to monitor student</u> <u>progress.</u> Be designed to assist the student in achieving proficiency in the applicable subject area.

(5) Be taught using <u>based on</u> high-quality instructional materials that are aligned with state content standards and that are specifically designed for supplemental instruction.

(6) Be provided to a student individually or in a group of not more than five students, unless the parent or legal guardian of each student in the group authorizes a larger group. <u>individualized and provided at a ratio not higher than four students to one tutor.</u>

(7) <u>Be provided by a high-quality tutor</u> person with training in using the instructional materials pursuant to Paragraph (5) of this Subsection and who receives ongoing oversight while providing the accelerated instruction or a high-quality tutoring provider as defined in Subsection G of this Section. If the school board selects a tutoring provider that has not been classified as a high-quality tutoring provider by the state Department of Education, the school board shall apply for a waiver from the department and stipulate how the tutoring services will be provided.

(8) To the extent possible, be <u>Be</u> provided by <u>a consistent tutor or by a</u> <u>limited, consistent set of tutors throughout</u> the same person for the entirety of the student's supplemental instruction period.

(9) Be provided in accordance with guidelines on research-based best practices and effective accelerated instruction strategies developed and provided by the state Department of Education.

F. For purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(1) "Dosage" means the total duration of tutoring, in hours, and the total number of tutoring sessions that a student receives in an academic year. (2) "High-quality instructional materials" means materials that meet all of the following criteria:

(a) Are included on the state Department of Education's approved curriculum list, including materials created or provided by the department.

(b) Use instructional resources and formative assessments fully aligned to Louisiana's grade-level content standards for what students should know and be able to do at the end of each school year.

(c) Provide guidance and support for program implementation.

(d) Include a high level of student and teacher interaction.

(e) Are designed to devote the large majority of time to the major work of the grade or course.

(f) Help students develop conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency, and application.

(g) Make meaningful and purposeful connections that promote focus and coherence by connecting practice standards with content that is emphasized in the standards.

(h) Offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific student standards.

(3) "High-quality tutor" means an individual who meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) A person with training in using the high-quality instructional materials and who receives ongoing oversight while providing the high-dosage <u>tutoring.</u>

(b) Staff of a high-quality tutoring provider.

(c) Current or retired teachers.

(d) Trained paraprofessionals.

G.(1) For the purpose of providing accelerated instruction <u>high-dosage</u> <u>tutoring</u>, the state Department of Education shall publish on its website a list of approved high-quality tutoring providers. (2) In approving high-quality tutoring providers, the department shall require the tutoring providers to:

(a) Use high-quality instructional materials that are aligned with research on effective teaching and learning and state content standards.

(b) Implement high-impact high-dosage tutoring practices pursuant to Paragraph (F)(3) of this Section.

(c) Utilize diagnostic or assessment data to guide instruction.

(d) Use well-trained high-quality tutors who have passed background checks required of school employees.

(e) Offer tutoring through in-person services or video conferences, or both, and provide all tutoring services through live, face-to-face interactions.

(f) Provide evidence of impact on student outcomes disaggregated by student groups according to race, gender, ethnicity, economically disadvantaged students, English language learner status, disability status, and geographic location. Tutoring programs may demonstrate impact through either adherence to the program's model design by aligning with the components of high-dosage tutoring or by having evidence of positive and statistically significant gains in student learning outcomes based on a well-designed randomized controlled trial (RCT) or quasi-experimental design (QED) that provides the basis for evidence of causal program impact and which is conducted by an external third-party researcher.

(g) Serve a population of students in grades kindergarten through five and offer tutoring in math or reading and literacy.

(h) Demonstrate tutor experience and content expertise.

(i) Establish per-student costs.

(j) Specify whether available tutoring models are in-person, virtual, or hybrid and the geographic regions where services can be provided.

(3) The department shall publish the list of high-quality tutoring providers no later than October first of each year beginning in 2023.

(4)(3) Approved providers listed by the department shall be exempt from the state procurement laws.

H. Within fifteen calendar days of a parent selecting accelerated instruction student being enrolled in high-dosage tutoring, the parent shall be provided a written plan detailing the accelerated instruction <u>high-dosage tutoring</u> that will be provided, including information on who will provide the instruction and when the instruction will be provided. The plan shall include specific dates for progress reports and information on the parent's role in accelerating the student's learning. <u>The</u> <u>information shall be provided in a way that is accessible to the student's parent</u> <u>or legal guardian.</u>

I.(1) Each city, parish, or other local public school board shall provide a report by June first of each year to the state Department of Education on all of the following <u>data regarding eligible and participating students</u>:

(a) The number of <u>individual</u> students identified as needing expanded academic support, <u>and related student metrics including tutoring subject, grade-</u> <u>level, prior performance on the state assessment, and demographic information.</u>

(b) the <u>The</u> number of <u>individual</u> students provided each type of <u>expanded</u> academic support, <u>and related student metrics including tutoring subject, grade-</u> <u>level, attendance, dosage, prior performance on the state assessment, and</u> <u>demographic information.</u>

(c) and the <u>The</u> number of <u>individual</u> students who failed to achieve mastery on any statewide assessment administered pursuant to the state's school and district accountability system <u>or performed below grade level on a literacy or numeracy</u> <u>screening</u> during each school year continuing <u>and who continue</u> to need additional academic support <u>and related student metrics including tutoring subject, grade-</u> <u>level, attendance, dosage, prior performance on the state assessment, and</u> <u>demographic information</u>.

(b)(d) A list of the high-quality tutoring providers and any teachers used by the local board to offer the expanded academic supports.

(c)(e) A summary of how the school day has been restructured to offer the expanded academic supports.

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(d)(f) The amount and source of **private, federal, state, or local** funds spent on providing expanded academic supports **and how funding was used by the local education agency to provide high-dosage tutoring**.

(2) By July first of each year, the department shall publish a <u>the following</u> report on its website: <u>summarizing the information required by Paragraph (1) of this</u> <u>Subsection by school, by school system, and statewide.</u>

(a) A summary of the information required by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection reported by each school, each school system, and aggregate of all schools statewide, including:

(i) How data required under this Paragraph has changed over time.

(ii) The number of students who received high-dosage tutoring.

(iii) The dosage and attendance of students who received high-dosage tutoring in the program.

(iv) The number of students eligible for high-dosage tutoring.

(b) Data on achievement and growth outcomes from participating students.

(c) Program successes and challenges.

(d) Recommendations for policy changes in future years in order to ensure every child in Louisiana can access high-dosage tutoring as needed.

(e) An overview of actions taken to support every local education agency to ensure that high-dosage tutoring is available to every eligible child in Louisiana.

J. The Department of Education shall create reporting templates, procedures, and definitions for reporting metrics for cities, parishes, or other local public school boards to use in collecting and reporting tutoring-related data to the department including changes in academic performance of participating students disaggregated by student groups according to race, gender, ethnicity, economically disadvantaged students, English language learner status, disability status, and geographic location. To the extent possible, the department shall leverage existing reporting processes and systems to reduce the reporting burden on local education agencies and public charter schools.

<u>K. The Department of Education shall provide training, technical</u> assistance, and guidance, including but not limited to the topic of sustaining <u>high-dosage tutoring through existing funding streams, to cities, parishes, or</u> <u>other local public school boards conducting in-school high-dosage tutoring with</u> <u>a priority focus on effective schedule management.</u>

<u>H.L.</u> The determination of whether students are in need of additional expanded academic support shall not be used in evaluating teacher performance or determining school or district accountability scores and letter grades.

K.(1) No state funds or obligated federal funds shall be used to implement the provisions of this Section.

(2) If funding that is compliant with Paragraph (1) of this Subsection is unavailable, the state is not obligated

M. Local school boards shall utilize available state and federal funds to

implement the provisions of this Section. If such funding is not available, a local

school board shall not be obligated to provide funding to continue the expanded

academic support provided for in this Section.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Curry Lann.

DIGEST 2024 Regular Session

SB Original

<u>Present law</u> requires expanded academic support to be offered to certain students, grades three through eight, who failed to achieve mastery on any statewide assessment in reading or math in the previous academic year.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes the applicable grades to kindergarten through five and adds criteria for students to be provided expanded academic support.

<u>Present law</u> defines accelerated instruction to be provided on a one-on-one or small group instruction with five or fewer students, at least three times a week, in 30 minute minimum sessions, offered through a high-quality tutoring provider selected by the school district.

Proposed law redefines accelerated instruction as "high-dosage tutoring".

Proposed law provides for high-dosage tutoring which meets specific criteria.

<u>Present law</u> requires the State Department of Education to publish a list of high-quality tutoring providers.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further requires the Department of Education to provide evidence of impact on student outcomes broken down by certain demographics.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the Department of Education to create reporting templates, procedures, and definitions for reporting metrics for cities, parishes, or other local public school boards to use in collecting and report tutoring-related data.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the Department of Education to provide training, technical assistance, and guidance to cities, parishes, or other local public school boards conducting in-school high-dosage tutoring.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> provisions which provide that no state funds or obligated federal funds can be used to implement the provisions of <u>present law</u> and that if funding is unavailable, the state is not obligated to provide funding to continue the expanded academic support.

<u>Proposed law</u> instead requires local school boards to utilize available state and federal funds to implement expanded academic support and further provides that if state or federal funding is not available, local school boards are not obligated to provide funding to continue the expanded academic support provided for <u>proposed law</u>.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends R.S. 17:100.13)