SENATE FLOOR AMENDMENTS

2024 Regular Session

Amendments proposed by Senator Morris to Reengrossed House Bill No. 71 by Representative Horton

1 AMENDMENT NO. 1

2 On page 1, line 2, after "relative to" insert "public"

3 AMENDMENT NO. 2

- 4 On page 1, line 3, after "schools;" delete the rest of the line and insert "to provide for the
- 5 display of certain historical documents; to provide for the display of the Mayflower
- 6 Compact, the Declaration of Independence, the Northwest Ordinance, and the Ten
- 7 Commandments; to provide for displays in each"

8 AMENDMENT NO. 3

- 9 On page 1, line 4, delete "public funds" and insert "donations or the acceptance of donated
- 10 displays"

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11 AMENDMENT NO. 4

- On page 1, line 5, after "applicability;" insert "to provide for legislative intent; to provide for
- 13 historical context;"

14 AMENDMENT NO. 5

On page 1, delete lines 8 through 11, and insert the following:

16	" <u>§</u> 2122.	Historical	documents;	displays;	legislative	intent;	historical	context;
17	donations	<u>s</u>						

- A. The legislature finds and declares all of the following:
- (1) In 2005, the Supreme Court of the United States recognized that it is permissible to display the Ten Commandments on government property in *Van Orden v. Perry*, 545 U.S. 677, 688 (2005).
- (2) In 2006, the legislature enacted Act No. 602 of the 2006 Regular Session of the legislature which provided for the secretary of state to publish the Ten Commandments and other historically significant documents for posting in court houses and other public buildings to address "a need to educate and inform the public as to the history and background of American and Louisiana law".
- (3) In 2019, the Supreme Court of the United States further recognized that the Ten Commandments "have historical significance as one of the foundations of our legal system. . .", in *American Legion v. American Humanists Association*, 588 U.S. 29, 53 (2019) and, the court also ruled that the displaying of the Ten Commandments on public property may have "multiple purposes" such as "historical significance" and represent a "common cultural heritage". id, 588 U.S. at 54.
- (4) Recognizing the historical role of the Ten Commandments accords with our nation's history and faithfully reflects the understanding of the founders of our nation with respect to the necessity of civic morality to a functional self-government. History records that James Madison, the fourth President of the United States of America, stated that "(w)e have staked the whole future of our new nation . . . upon the capacity of each of ourselves to govern ourselves according to the moral principles of the Ten Commandments."
- (5) Including the Ten Commandments in the education of our children is part of our state and national history, culture, and tradition.
- (6) The text of the Ten Commandments set forth in Subsection B of this Section is identical to the text of the Ten Commandments monument that was

1	upheld by the Supreme Court of the United States in Van Orden v. Perry, 545 U.S.
2	<u>677, 688 (2005).</u>
3	(7) The Mayflower Compact of 1620 was America's first written constitution
4	and made a Covenant with Almighty God to "form a civil body politic". This was
5	the first purely American document of self-government and affirmed the link
6	between civil society and God.
7	(8) The Northwest Ordinance of 1787 provided a method of admitting new
8	states to the Union from the territory as the country expanded to the Pacific. The
9	Ordinance "extended the fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty" to the
10	territories and stated that "(r)eligion, morality, and knowledge, being necessary to
11	good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education
12	shall forever be encouraged."
13	(9) It is the Legislature's intent to apply the decision set forth by the Supreme
14	Court of the United States in Van Orden v. Perry, id, to continue the rich tradition
15	and ensure that the students in our public schools may understand and appreciate the
16	foundational documents of our state and national government.
17	(10) The Supreme Court of the United States acknowledged that the Ten
18	Commandments may be displayed on local government property when a private
19	donation is made for the purchase of the historical monument. <i>Pleasant Grove City</i> ,
20	Utah v. Summan, 555 U.S. 460 (2006).
21	(11) It is the intention of the legislature that this Section shall not create an
22	unfunded mandate on any public school governing authority. The school boards are
23	encouraged to use documents that are printed and made available to the schools free
24	of charge.
25	B.(1) No later than January 1, 2025, each public school governing authority
26	shall display the Ten Commandments in each classroom in each school under its"
28	On page 2, delete lines 12 through 14, and insert the following:
20	on page 2, detete fines 12 through 14, and fisert the following.
29	"(3) The Ten Commandments shall be displayed with a context statement as
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1	AMENDMENT NO. 7
2	On page 2, line 15, delete "(4)" and insert "(6)(a)"
3	AMENDMENT NO. 8
4	On page 2, delete lines 18 through 20, and insert the following:
5 6 7	"(b) The state Department of Education shall identify appropriate resources to comply with the provisions of this Section that are free of charge. Once identified, the department shall list the free resources on the department's internet website.
8 9	C.(1) No later than January 1, 2025, each public postsecondary education management board shall require each institution under its jurisdiction to display the"
10	AMENDMENT NO. 9
11	On page 2, delete lines 28 and 29 and insert the following:
12	"management board or any public postsecondary"
13	AMENDMENT NO. 10
14	On page 3, delete lines 2 and 3, and insert the following:
15 16 17	"management board or governing authority may spend donated funds to purchase the Ten Commandments or other historical documents provided for in this Section or may accept donated displays."
18	AMENDMENT NO. 11
19	On page 3, between lines 16 and 17, insert the following:
20 21 22 23	"Section 2. If any provision or item of this Act, or the application thereof, is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions, items, or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision, item, or application and to this end the provisions of this Act are hereby declared severable."
24	AMENDMENT NO. 12
25	On page 3, line 17, change "Section 2." to "Section 3."