| Subject: Vandalizing or Destroying a Crime Camera System |                             | Analyst: Daniel Druilhet |                  |         |     |  |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------|-----|--|
| Dept./Agy.: Corrections                                  |                             |                          |                  |         |     |  |
| Date: May 21, 2024                                       | 12:59 PM                    | Author: KLEINPETER       |                  |         |     |  |
|  | Sub. Bill For.:             |                          |                  |         |     |  |
|  |                             | Proposed Amd.:           |                  |         |     |  |
|  |                             | Opp. Chamb. Action:      |                  |         |     |  |
| Fiscal<br>Office<br>Fiscal<br>Notes                      | Bill Text Version: ENROLLED |                          |                  |         |     |  |
| Office   |                             | Fiscal Note On:          | <b>SB 387</b> SL | .S 24RS | 605 |  |
| Legislative Fiscal                                       | Fiscal Note                 |                          |                  |         |     |  |
| Louisiana  | LEGISLATIVE FISCAL          |                          |                  |         |     |  |

CRIME/PUNISHMENT

EN SEE FISC NOTE GF EX

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Creates the crime of vandalizing, tampering with, or destroying a crime camera system. (8/1/24)

<u>Proposed law</u> creates the crime of vandalizing, tampering with, or destroying a crime camera system; provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally vandalize, tamper with, or destroy a crime camera system by causing functional or cosmetic damage to the system, adjusting or modifying the location, position, aim, focus, or functionality of the system, tampering with the performance, functions, or features of the system; rendering the system temporarily or permanently inoperable; provides the definition for crime camera system; assesses sentence of imprisonment of no more than two years, with or without hard labor, or a fine of no more than \$2,000, for those convicted of violating <u>proposed law</u>.

| EXPENDITURES   | 2024-25   | 2025-26   | 2026-27   | 2027-28   | 2028-29   | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| State Gen. Fd. | SEE BELOW |               |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Ded./Other     | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Federal Funds  | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Local Funds    | SEE BELOW |               |
| Annual Total   |           |           |           |           |           |               |
| REVENUES       | 2024-25   | 2025-26   | 2026-27   | 2027-28   | 2028-29   | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
| State Gen. Fd. | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Ded./Other     | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Federal Funds  | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0       | \$0           |
| Local Funds    | SEE BELOW |               |
| Annual Total   |           |           |           |           |           |               |

## **EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION**

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in SGF expenditures in the Department of Public Safety & Corrections - Corrections Services (DPS&C-CS), if a person is convicted of vandalizing, tampering with, or destroying a crime camera system. Proposed law is a relative felony, and any impact on either state or local expenditures is contingent on whether offenders sustain either misdemeanor or felony-grade convictions for its violation. The exact fiscal impact of the passage of this legislation to state or local governing authorities is indeterminable, since it creates a crime, and it is not known how many people will be convicted, the number of felony or misdemeanor convictions for violation of the proposed law that will occur, nor the length of the sentences assessed as a result of its potential enactment.

To the extent that offenders sustain a felony-grade conviction for violation of the <u>proposed law</u>, DPS&C-CS will sustain an indeterminable increase in expenditures at the local level. DPS&C-CS advises that impacts on offender populations are anticipated to impact the number of offenders held in local facilities, and that in managing its offender population, it seeks to fill all beds in state facilities first, then assigns overflow offenders to local facilities. For those convicted, sentenced, and then subsequently housed in a local facility, DPS&C-CS will sustain expenditures of \$26.39 per offender per day. For those housed in state facilities, DPS&C-CS will sustain expenditures of \$107.60 per offender per day.

To the extent that offenders sustain a misdemeanor conviction for violation of the <u>proposed law</u>, local governing authorities will sustain Local Funds expenditures. The exact fiscal impact of the passage of this legislation to local governing authorities is indeterminable, since it is not known how many people will be convicted and incarcerated in local facilities, nor the length of the sentences assessed with those convictions as a result of its potential enactment. The maximum imprisonment term is no more than two years at the local level.

## **REVENUE EXPLANATION**

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in local revenues as a result of convictions of vandalizing, tampering with, or destroying a crime camera system. The exact fiscal impact of the passage of this legislation on local revenue is indeterminable, as the fines that would be imposed on those convicted are optional, and the amount of the fines, if imposed, may vary. The potential revenue will accrue to the local governing authority.

| <u>Senate</u> | Dual Referral Rules<br>\$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S & H} | House<br>6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S} | Potree Thomas         |
|---------------|---|---|-----------------------|
|               | \$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee                                 | 6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase                 | Patrice Thomas        |
|               | Change {S & H}  | or a Net Fee Decrease {S}                               | Deputy Fiscal Officer |