HOUSE SUMMARY OF SENATE AMENDMENTS

HB 896 2024 Regular Session Myers

HEALTH SERVICES: Creates the Louisiana Remote Patient Monitoring Program Law

Synopsis of Senate Amendments

- 1. Removes <u>proposed law</u> requirement for any telehealth equipment and network used for remote patient monitoring to accommodate language options other than English.
- 2. Removes <u>proposed law</u> requirement for technical and clinical support services to be available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- 3. Removes <u>proposed law</u> requirement for patients to be diagnosed within the previous 18 months to qualify for the provisions of proposed law.
- 4. Makes technical corrections.

Digest of Bill as Finally Passed by Senate

<u>Proposed law</u> shall be known and may be cited as the "Louisiana Remote Patient Monitoring Program Law".

<u>Proposed law</u> declares that remote patient monitoring services aim to allow more people to remain at home or in other residential settings and to improve the quality and cost of their care, including prevention of more costly care. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that the goal of remote patient monitoring services provided through telehealth is to coordinate primary, acute, chronic disease, behavioral, and long-term social service needs for high need, high cost patients.

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "medical assistance program", "remote patient monitoring services", and "telehealth".

<u>Proposed law</u> allows remote patient monitoring services provided through telehealth to be used by patients who meet the requirements of <u>proposed law</u> and are capable and willing to use home telehealth and can maintain performance of needed tasks, or have the availability of informal caregivers to help with remote patient monitoring through telehealth.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires patients who participate in remote patient monitoring services to meet any two of the following qualifications:

- (1) Be diagnosed with one or more chronic conditions, as defined by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, which include but are not limited to sickle cell, mental illness, asthma, diabetes, cancer, and heart disease.
- (2) Have a recent history of costly service use due to one or more chronic conditions as evidenced by two or more hospitalizations, including emergency room visits, in the last 12 months.
- (3) Have a recommendation from the patient's healthcare provider for disease management services through remote patient monitoring.

<u>Proposed law</u> establishes certain criteria for the required assessment, problem identification, evaluation, management plan implementation required by proposed law.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires telehealth equipment and the network used for remote patient monitoring services to meet all of the following requirements:

- (1) Compliance with applicable standards of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- (2) Maintenance of telehealth equipment in good repair and free from safety hazards.
- (3) Installation of only new or sanitized equipment in the patient's home setting.
- (4) Availability of technical and clinical support services for the patient user.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the appropriate procedure code as established by the La. Dept. of Health for the covered healthcare service to be included in any reimbursement claim for the remote monitoring services provided with the appropriate modifier indicating telehealth services were used.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires remote patient monitoring services as provided for in <u>proposed law</u> to be a covered service in the medical assistance program.

<u>Proposed law</u> allows a telehealth installation and training reimbursement to the provider via Medicaid. Requires the La. Dept. of Health to promulgate rules and regulations as are necessary for the implementation of <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the implementation of <u>proposed law</u> to be applicable only upon either a specific appropriation or funds made available by the La. Dept. of Health for such implementation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that remote patient monitoring services through telehealth may consist of certain assessments and establishes provisions for implementation.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall prohibit any health benefit plan offered by a health insurer, managed care organization, or other health payor from establishing its own policy and payment structure for in lieu of service agreements with providers.

(Adds R.S. 40:1221.1 and 1227.1-1227.8)