SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SB 508 2024 Regular Session McMath

KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SCHOOLS. Provides relative to required high-dosage tutoring for certain students. (8/1/24)

SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

1. Makes technical changes.

DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SB 508 Engrossed

2024 Regular Session

McMath

<u>Present law</u> requires expanded academic support to be offered to students who failed to achieve mastery on certain statewide assessments in reading or math. <u>Proposed law</u> changes grades of eligibility for such support <u>from</u> three through eight <u>to</u> kindergarten through five.

<u>Present law</u> requires accelerated instruction to be provided through one-on-one or small group instruction with five or fewer students, at least three times a week, in 30 minute minimum sessions. <u>Proposed law</u> removes such requirements and redefines accelerated instruction as "high-dosage tutoring".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for high-dosage tutoring which meets specific criteria.

<u>Present law</u> requires the state Dept. of Education (DOE) to publish a list of high-quality tutoring providers.

Proposed law retains present law and further requires DOE to do the following:

- (1) Provide evidence of impact on student outcomes disaggregated by certain data.
- (2) Create reporting templates, procedures, and definitions for reporting metrics for city, parish, and other local public school boards to use in collecting and reporting tutoring-related data.
- (3) Provide training, technical assistance, and guidance to city, parish, and other local public school boards conducting in-school high-dosage tutoring.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits state funds or obligated federal funds to be used to implement the provisions of <u>present law</u> and that if funding is unavailable, the state is not obligated to provide funding to continue the expanded academic support provided for in <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> removes <u>present law</u> and instead requires local school boards to utilize available state and federal funds to implement <u>present law</u> and <u>proposed law</u> and further provides that if such funding is not available, local school boards are not obligated to provide funding to continue the expanded academic support provided for <u>proposed law</u>.

(Amends R.S. 17:100.13)

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