RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 216 (HB 335)

2024 Regular Session

Carver

Relative to mandatory reporting of child abuse or neglect, <u>new law</u> modifies the definition of "teaching or child care provider" in <u>existing law</u> to include school resource officers and otherwise retains existing law.

<u>New law</u> retains <u>existing law</u> provision relative to "police officers or law enforcement officials". <u>New law</u> further requires any police officer or law enforcement official who works as a school resource officer to be considered a mandatory reporter.

<u>New law</u> does not require a school resource officer to receive information from another mandatory reporter or commence or oversee any investigation into the report.

<u>New law</u> revises <u>existing law</u> provisions to require certain reporters to report that suspected child abuse was a contributing factor to the death of the child to the Dept. of Family and Children Services (DCFS) or local or state law enforcement.

<u>New law</u> revises <u>prior law</u> provisions that stipulate measures for mandatory reporters and permitted reporters to report to DCFS.

<u>New law</u> requires a mandatory reporter to make a report of suspected abuse or neglect requiring immediate assistance via the designated state child protection reporting hotline telephone number. <u>New law</u> further requires a permitted reporter to make a report through the designated state child protection reporting hotline telephone number or in person at any child welfare office.

<u>New law</u> provides that if a mandatory reporter is prohibited from making an immediate report because of employment policies, he shall be permitted to file a complaint with law enforcement.

<u>New law</u> further provides for penalties against an employer who discriminates or retaliates against an employee who is a mandatory reporter.

<u>New law</u> requires DCFS to determine whether a parent or caretaker who is under investigation for allegedly committing a crime of abuse or neglect is an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces or the spouse of a member on active duty.

Effective upon signature of governor (May 23, 2024).

(Amends Ch.C. Arts. 603(17)(d) and (e) and 610(A))