HLS 25RS-141 ORIGINAL

2025 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 182

BY REPRESENTATIVE BAGLEY

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

DWI: Provides relative to penalties for the crime of operating a vehicle while impaired

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. $14:98.1(A)(1)(d)$ , $(3)(c)$ , and $(C)$ , $98.2(A)(1)(d)$ , $(3)(c)$ , $(C)$ , and
3	(D)(3), 98.3(A)(3)(d), 98.4(A)(2)(d), 98.5(C)(2), and 98.6(C)(4), R.S. 15:306(A)(1),
4	(B), and (C), 307(A), (B), (C)(introductory paragraph), (C)(7), and (E), 307.1(A),
5	(B), (C), and (E) through (H), R.S. 32:378.2(A), (B)(1)(introductory paragraph) and
6	(a)(ii), (2)  and  (4), (E), (G), (H), (J)(1), (2)(introductory paragraph) and (h), (K), (L),
7	(M)(1) and (3), (O)(1), and (P), 414(A)(1)(b) and (c)(i) and (ii), (B)(2)(b), and
8	(D)(1)(b) and (c), 415(B)(2)(introductory paragraph) and (3), 415.1(A)(1)(f),
9	667(B)(3), (I)(1)(introductory paragraph), (2), (3), and (4), and (J),
10	668(B)(1)(a)(introductory paragraph) and (c) and (D), and Code of Criminal
11	Procedure Article 320(C) and to enact R.S. 32:378.2(M)(2)(c)(iii), relative to the
12	penalties for the crime of operating a vehicle while impaired; to provide for a court's
13	authority to offer alternatives to a vehicle ignition interlock device; to provide
14	relative to employer-owned vehicles; and to provide for related matters.
15	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
16	Section 1. R.S. 14:98.1(A)(1)(d), (3)(c), and (C), 98.2(A)(1)(d), (3)(c), (C), and
17	(D)(3), 98.3(A)(3)(d), 98.4(A)(2)(d), 98.5(C)(2), and 98.6(C)(4) are hereby amended and
18	reenacted to read as follows:
19	§98.1. Operating while impaired; first offense; penalties
20	A.(1) Except as modified by the provisions of Paragraphs (2) and (3) of this
21	Subsection, on a conviction of a first offense violation of R.S. 14:98, the offender

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars,
2	and shall be imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more than six months.
3	Imposition or execution of sentence under this Paragraph shall not be suspended
4	unless the offender is placed on probation with the minimum conditions that he
5	complete all of the following:
6	* * *
7	(d) Except as provided by Subparagraph (3)(c) of this Subsection, the court
8	shall order that the offender not operate a motor vehicle during the period of
9	probation, for no less than six months, unless any vehicle, while being operated by
10	the offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in compliance
11	with the requirements of R.S. 14:98.5(C) and R.S. 32:378.2 or the offender is
12	ordered to wear and is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device
13	as defined in R.S. 15:307.
14	* * *
15	(3)
16	* * *
17	(c) The court shall require that the offender not operate a motor vehicle
18	during the period of probation unless any vehicle, while being operated by the
19	offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in compliance with
20	the requirements of R.S. 14:98.5(C) and R.S. 32:378.2 or the offender is ordered to
21	wear and is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined
22	in R.S. 15:307. The ignition interlock Either device shall remain installed and
23	operative on his vehicle during the period of suspension of his driver's license
24	following the date of conviction.
25	* * *
26	C. An offender may apply for a restricted driver's license to be in effect
27	during the entire period of suspension upon proof to the Department of Public Safety
28	and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device
29	or his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device

1	in compliance with the requirements of R.S. 32:378.2. <u>An ignition interlock device</u>
2	shall not be required on any vehicle driven by an offender who wears a functioning
3	electronic alcohol monitoring device and has obtained a restricted license.
4	§98.2. Operating while impaired; second offense; penalties
5	A.(1) Except as modified by the provisions of Paragraphs (2), (3), and (4)
6	of this Subsection, or as provided by Subsection D of this Section, on a conviction
7	of a second offense violation of R.S. 14:98, regardless of whether the second offense
8	occurred before or after the first conviction, the offender shall be fined not less than
9	seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, and shall be
10	imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than six months. At least forty-
11	eight hours of the sentence imposed shall be served without benefit of parole,
12	probation, or suspension of sentence. Imposition or execution of the remainder of
13	sentence shall not be suspended unless the offender is placed on probation with the
14	minimum conditions that he complete all of the following:
15	* * *
16	(d) Except as the period of time may be increased in accordance with
17	Subparagraph (3)(c) of this Subsection, the court shall order that the offender not
18	operate a motor vehicle during the period of probation unless the offender is wearing
19	a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307 or any
20	vehicle, while being operated by the offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition
21	interlock device in compliance with the requirements of R.S. 14:98.5(C), R.S.
22	15:306, and R.S. 32:378.2, which requirement shall remain in effect for a period of
23	not less than six months from the date of conviction. In addition, the device shall
24	remain installed and operative during any period that the offender's driver's license
25	is suspended under law and for any additional period as determined by the court.
26	* * *
27	(3)
28	* * *

(c) The court shall require that the offender not operate a motor vehicle during the period of probation unless any vehicle, while being operated by the offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in compliance with the requirements of R.S. 14:98.5(C), R.S. 15:306, and R.S. 32:378.2 or the offender is ordered to wear and is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device. The ignition interlock Either device shall remain installed and operative on his vehicle during the four-year period of the suspension of his driver's license.

8 \* \* \*

C. An offender may apply for a restricted driver's license to be in effect during the entire period of suspension upon proof to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in compliance with the requirements of R.S. 32:378.2. An ignition interlock device shall not be required on any vehicle driven by an offender who wears a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device and has obtained a restricted license.

16 \* \* \*.

17 D.

18 \* \* \*

(3) Except as the period of time may be increased in accordance with Subparagraph (A)(3)(b) and (c) of this Section, in addition to any penalties imposed under this Section, the court shall order that the offender not operate a motor vehicle during the period of probation unless the offender is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307 or any vehicle, while being operated by the offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in compliance with the requirements of R.S. 14:98.5(C), R.S. 15:306, and R.S. 32:378.2, which either requirement shall remain in effect for a period of not less than six months from the date of conviction. In addition, the either device shall remain installed and operative during any period that the offender's driver's license is suspended under law and for any additional period as determined by the court.

§98.3. Operating while impaired; third offense; penalties

2 A.

3 \* \* \*

4 (3)

5 \* \* \*

(d)(i) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary and the provisions of R.S. 32:414(D)(1)(b), upon conviction of a third offense violation of R.S. 14:98, any motor vehicle, while being operated by the offender, shall be equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 15:306. Alternatively, the court may order the offender to wear a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307. The ignition interlock Either device shall remain installed and operative until the offender has completed the requirements of substance abuse treatment and home incarceration, or, if applicable, the requirements of the drug division probation program provided in R.S. 13:5301 et seq.

(ii) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any offender convicted of a third offense violation of R.S. 14:98 shall, after one year of the suspension required by R.S. 32:414(D)(1)(a), upon proof to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or that the motor vehicles being operated by the offender are equipped with functioning ignition interlock devices, be issued a restricted driver's license. The restricted license shall be effective for the period of time that the offender's driver's license is suspended. The restricted license shall entitle the offender to operate the vehicles if he is equipped with a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or if the vehicles are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device in order to earn a livelihood and to travel to and from the places designated in R.S. 14:98.5(B)(3)(e).

1	(iii) An ignition interlock device shall not be required on any vehicle driven
2	by an offender who wears a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device and has
3	obtained a restricted license.
4	* * *
5	§98.4. Operating while impaired; fourth offense; penalties
6	A.
7	* * *
8	(2)
9	* * *
10	(d)(i) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary and the provisions of R.S.
11	32:414(D)(1)(b), upon conviction of a fourth or subsequent offense, any motor
12	vehicle, while being operated by the offender, shall be equipped with a functioning
13	ignition interlock device in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 15:306.
14	Alternatively, the court may order the offender to wear a functioning electronic
15	alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307. The ignition interlock Either
16	device shall remain installed and operative until the offender has completed the
17	requirements of substance abuse treatment and home incarceration or, if applicable,
18	the requirements of the drug division probation program provided for in R.S.
19	13:5301 et seq.
20	(ii) Any offender convicted of a fourth or subsequent offense shall, after one
21	year of the suspension required by R.S. 32:414(D)(1)(a), upon proof to the
22	Department of Public Safety and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning
23	electronic alcohol monitoring device or that the motor vehicles being operated by the
24	offender are equipped with functioning ignition interlock devices, be issued a
25	restricted driver's license. The restricted license shall be effective for the period of
26	time that the offender's driver's license is suspended. The restricted license shall
27	entitle the offender to operate the vehicles if he is equipped with a functioning
28	electronic alcohol monitoring device or the vehicles are equipped with a functioning

1	ignition interlock device in order to earn a livelihood and to travel to and from the
2	places designated in R.S. 14:98.5(B)(3)(e).
3	(iii) An ignition interlock device shall not be required on any vehicle driven
4	by an offender who wears a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device and has
5	obtained a restricted license.
6	* * *
7	§98.5. Special provisions and definitions
8	* * *
9	C.
10	* * *
11	(2) If the court imposes the use of an ignition interlock device <u>or electronic</u>
12	alcohol monitoring device as a condition of probation, the offender shall provide
13	proof of compliance to the court or the probation officer within thirty days. If the
14	offender fails to provide proof of installation within that period, absent a finding by
15	the court of good cause for the failure that is entered into the court record, the court
16	shall revoke the offender's probation.
17	* * *
18	§98.6. Underage operating while impaired
19	* * *
20	C.
21	* * *
22	(4) The court may require that the offender not operate a motor vehicle
23	during the period of probation unless he is ordered to wear and is wearing a
24	functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307 or any
25	vehicle, while being operated by the offender, is equipped with a functioning ignition
26	interlock device in accordance with R.S. 14:98.5(C).
27	* * *

1	Section 2. R.S. 15:306(A)(1), (B), and (C), 307(A), (B), (C)(introductory paragraph),
2	(C)(7), and (E), and 307.1(A), (B), (C), and (E) through (H) are hereby amended and
3	reenacted to read as follows:
4	§306. Operating a vehicle while intoxicated; additional conditions of probation;
5	ignition interlock devices; electronic alcohol monitoring devices
6	A.(1) As an additional condition of probation, the court shall require that any
7	person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of R.S. 14:98 and placed on
8	probation in accordance with that Section shall not operate a motor vehicle during
9	the period of probation unless any vehicle, while being operated by that person, is
10	equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device or the person is equipped with
11	a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as provided in R.S. 15:307.
12	* * *
13	B.(1) When the court imposes the use of an ignition interlock device or
14	electronic alcohol monitoring device as a condition of probation upon a person, the
15	court shall require the person to provide proof of installation of such a device to the
16	court or a probation officer within thirty days. If the person fails to provide proof of
17	installation within that period, absent a finding by the court of good cause for that
18	failure which is entered into the court record, the court shall revoke the person's
19	probation.
20	(2) "Proof of installation" shall mean either a certificate of installation or a
21	copy of the lease agreement with one of the approved ignition interlock device or
22	electronic alcohol monitoring device companies.
23	C. The person whose driving privileges are restricted pursuant to this Section
24	shall have the system on his vehicle or person monitored by the manufacturer for
25	proper use at least semiannually or more frequently as the court may order. A report
26	of any monitoring shall be issued by the manufacturer to the court within fourteen
27	days after the monitoring.
28	* * *

1	§307. Ignition interlock devices; <u>electronic alcohol monitoring devices;</u> installation
2	and certification
3	A.(1) As used in R.S. 15:306, "ignition interlock device" means a constant
4	monitoring device that prevents a motor vehicle from being started at any time
5	without first determining the equivalent blood alcohol level of the operator through
6	the taking of a breath sample for testing. The system shall be calibrated so that the
7	motor vehicle may not be started if the blood alcohol level of the operator, as
8	measured by the test, reaches a level established by the court and consistent with the
9	rules promulgated by the secretary of the Department of Public Safety and
10	Corrections, hereafter referred to as the "secretary".
11	(2) "Electronic alcohol monitoring device" means a system that
12	electronically determines and reports the presence of alcohol in an individual's
13	perspiration by means of an ankle bracelet or similar device worn by the individual
14	but does not contain any technology that is implanted in or otherwise invades or
15	violates the corporeal body of the individual.
16	B.(1) The secretary shall certify or cause to be certified <u>electronic alcohol</u>
17	monitoring devices and ignition interlock devices required by R.S. 15:306 and shall
18	publish a list of approved devices. All reasonable costs of certification shall be
19	borne by the manufacturer. The manufacturer of the system shall be responsible for
20	the installation or the training of installers and shall educate users and service and
21	maintain the system.
22	(2) The <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device or</u> ignition interlock device
23	shall be installed, calibrated, and monitored directly by trained technicians who shall
24	train the offender for whom the device is being installed in the proper use of the
25	device.
26	C. The secretary shall formulate and promulgate a set of rules and
27	regulations for the proper approval, installation, and use of electronic alcohol
28	monitoring devices and ignition interlock devices in full compliance with this

1	Section and R.S. 15:306. The standards shall include but not be limited to
2	requirements that the devices or systems:
3	* * *
4	(7) Require For ignition interlock devices, require a proper, deep lung breath
5	sample or other accurate measure of blood alcohol content equivalence.
6	* * *
7	E. The secretary shall design and adopt by regulation a warning label which
8	shall be affixed to each ignition interlock device upon installation. The label shall
9	contain a warning that any person tampering with, defeating, or otherwise
10	circumventing the device is guilty of a criminal offense and subject to criminal
11	penalty and civil liability.
12	§307.1. Ignition interlock and electronic alcohol monitoring device affordability
13	A. The Department of Public Safety and Corrections, office of state police
14	shall promulgate rules and regulations to establish and monitor compliance with an
15	ignition interlock and electronic alcohol monitoring device affordability plan for
16	individuals that demonstrate economic hardship who are required to install an
17	ignition interlock device.
18	B. The requirement to demonstrate economic hardship shall be satisfied if an
19	individual required to have the ignition interlock or electronic alcohol monitoring
20	device is eligible for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP),
21	Medicaid, Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI), income from social security,
22	or a judge's order for services of an indigent public defender (IPD) when the
23	defendant demonstrated income below one hundred twenty-five percent of the
24	federal poverty level.
25	C. Individuals that meet the economic hardship standard shall be required to
26	pay no more than fifty percent of fees assessed by the ignition interlock or electronic
27	alcohol monitoring device service center for installation, monthly calibration, lease,
28	and removal of the device.
29	* * *

E. Individuals become eligible for the affordability plan on the date that the individual provides the ignition interlock or electronic alcohol monitoring device manufacturer, or ignition interlock service center, acceptable documentation verifying that the individual meets the standard for economic hardship. Continued eligibility may be verified at the discretion of the ignition interlock manufacturer or ignition interlock service center. Acceptable forms of documentation shall include an eligibility card or qualifying letter for SNAP, Medicaid, SSDI, or SSI administered by the Social Security Administration, or a judge's order for an indigent public defender as described in this Section. If the documentation does not name the individual required to install the ignition interlock or electronic alcohol monitoring device, the individual shall be required to sign a notarized affidavit provided by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections attesting to his eligibility for SNAP, Medicaid, SSDI, or SSI on a state-approved form.

F. An ignition interlock <u>or electronic alcohol monitoring device</u> manufacturer or <u>ignition interlock</u> service center shall not refuse service to an individual that has demonstrated eligibility for the affordability plan in accordance with this Section.

G. An individual who has been refused service, after providing the documentation required in this Section to an ignition interlock or electronic alcohol monitoring device manufacturer or ignition interlock service center, may file a complaint with the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, office of state police, applied technology unit. Effective August 1, 2024, all complaints for refusal of service shall be investigated by the office of state police, applied technology unit, within thirty days of receipt of the complaint.

H. If the investigation substantiates the refusal of service, the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, office of state police, applied technology unit, may issue a warning, suspension, or revocation of the certification for the ignition interlock or electronic alcohol monitoring device manufacturer or the ignition interlock service center based on the facts of the investigation and the history of complaints related to the manufacturer or service center. An ignition interlock or

1	electronic alcohol monitoring device manufacturer or ignition interlock service
2	center may appeal any suspension or revocation issued pursuant to this Subsection.
3	Section 3. R.S. 32:378.2(A), (B)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (a)(ii), (2) and (4),
4	(E), (G), (H), (J)(1), (2)(introductory paragraph) and (h), (K), (L), (M)(1) and (3), (O)(1),
5	and (P), 414(A)(1)(b) and (c)(i) and (ii), (B)(2)(b), and (D)(1)(b) and (c),
6	415(B)(2)(introductory paragraph) and (3), 415.1(A)(1)(f), 667(B)(3), (I)(1)(introductory
7	paragraph, (2), (3), and (4), and (J), 668(B)(1)(a)(introductory paragraph) and (c) and (D),
8	are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 32:378.2(M)(2)(c)(iii) is hereby enacted to read
9	as follows:
10	§378.2. Ignition interlock devices; electronic alcohol monitoring devices; condition
11	of probation for certain DWI offenders; restricted license
12	A. In addition to any other provisions of law and except as otherwise
13	provided in Subsection I of this Section, the court may require that any person who
14	is placed on probation as provided in R.S. 14:98.1, and the court shall require that
15	any person who is placed on probation as provided by R.S. 14:98.2, not operate a
16	motor vehicle during the period of probation unless the <u>offender is ordered to wear</u>
17	a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device as defined in R.S. 15:307 or the
18	vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device as provided in this
19	Section.
20	B.(1) Any person who has had his driver's license suspended, revoked, or
21	canceled under any of the following conditions shall, upon proof to the Department
22	of Public Safety and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol
23	monitoring device or his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition
24	interlock device as provided in this Section, be issued a restricted driver's license:
25	* * *
26	(a)
27	* * *

for related offenses.

1	(11) However, if the offender had a blood alcohol concentration of 0.15
2	percent or more by weight based on grams of alcohol per one hundred cubic
3	centimeters of blood, the following restrictions shall apply:
4	(aa) Upon first offense, if the offender had a blood alcohol concentration of
5	0.15 percent or greater, the offender shall be issued a restricted driver's license
6	during the entire period of the two-year driver's license suspension imposed under
7	the provisions of R.S. 14:98.1(A)(3)(b) and (c) and shall be required to wear a
8	functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or have a functioning ignition
9	interlock device installed on his vehicle during the period of the suspension.
10	(bb) Upon second offense, if the offender has a blood alcohol concentration
11	of 0.15 percent or greater, the offender shall be eligible for a restricted driver's
12	license for the period of suspension as imposed under the provisions of R.S.
13	14:98.2(A)(3)(b) and (c). The offender may be issued a restricted license during the
14	entire four years on his suspension and shall be required to wear a functioning
15	electronic alcohol monitoring device or have a functioning ignition interlock device
16	installed on his vehicle during the four-year suspension.
17	* * *
18	(2) The restricted license shall be designated as such by a large red "R" and
19	shall be effective for the remaining period of suspension or as long as the functioning
20	electronic alcohol monitoring device or ignition interlock device is in place,
21	whichever period is longer.
22	* * *
23	(4) Any person granted a restricted driver's license under the provisions of
24	this Subsection who tampers with, circumvents the operation of, or removes the
25	electronic alcohol monitoring device or ignition interlock device during the period
26	for which the restricted license is granted shall have his driving privileges suspended
27	for a period of time not to exceed one year and may be punished by imprisonment
28	of twenty days, such punishment to be in addition to other penalties provided by law

1	* * *
2	E. No person shall tamper with or circumvent the operation of an <u>electronic</u>
3	alcohol monitoring device or an ignition interlock device.
4	* * *
5	G. If the court imposes the use of an <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device</u>
6	or ignition interlock device as a term of probation on a person whose driving
7	privilege is not suspended or revoked, the court shall require the person to provide
8	proof of compliance to the court or the probation officer within thirty days. If the
9	person fails to provide proof of installation within that period, absent a finding by the
10	court of good cause for that failure which is entered into the court record, the court
11	shall revoke the person's probation.
12	H. The person whose driving privilege is restricted pursuant to this Section
13	shall have the system monitored by the manufacturer, at the manufacturer's expense,
14	for proper use at least every thirty days, and more frequently as the court may order,
15	on the operation of each ignition interlock device in the person's vehicles or
16	electronic alcohol monitoring device on his person. A report of monitoring shall be
17	issued by the manufacturer to the court and the department within fourteen days after
18	the system is monitored. However, the report issued to the department shall be in an
19	electronic format specified by the department.

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electronic format specified by the department.

- J.(1) The secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections shall certify, or cause to be certified, electronic alcohol monitoring devices and ignition interlock devices required by this Section, and publish a list of approved devices. All reasonable costs of certification shall be borne by the manufacturer. manufacturer of the system shall be responsible for the installation or the training of installers, and shall educate users and service and maintain the system.
- (2) The secretary shall formulate and promulgate a set of standards for the proper use of <u>electronic alcohol monitoring devices</u> and ignition interlock devices

1	in full compliance with this Section. The standards shall include, but not be limited
2	to, requirements that the devices or systems:
3	* * *
4	(h) Require For ignition interlock devices, require a proper, deep lung breath
5	sample or other accurate measure of blood alcohol content equivalence.
6	* * *
7	K. The Department of Public Safety and Corrections may, in its discretion,
8	and consistent with this Section, adopt in whole or relevant part, the guidelines,
9	rules, regulations, studies, or independent laboratory tests performed on and relied
10	upon in the certification or approval of electronic alcohol monitoring devices and
11	ignition interlock devices by other states, their agencies or commissions.
12	L. The secretary shall design and adopt by regulation a warning label which
13	shall be affixed to each <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device and</u> ignition interlock
14	device upon installation. The label shall contain a warning that any person
15	tampering, circumventing, or otherwise misusing the device is guilty of a
16	misdemeanor and may be subject to civil liability.
17	M.(1) Any individual who installs an electronic alcohol monitoring device
18	or ignition interlock device, approved by the Department of Public Safety and
19	Corrections, as a requirement of bail, a part of a pre-trial diversion program, or a
20	term of a suspended or deferred sentence as provided in Code of Criminal Procedure
21	Article 894, for an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle while under
22	the influence of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of alcohol and drugs and is arrested
23	or subsequently convicted for such an offense, shall receive credit towards
24	suspension time or any reinstatement requirement that may be imposed if any of the
25	following occurs:
26	(a) The installation and monitoring of the electronic alcohol monitoring
27	device or ignition interlock device is reported to the Department of Public Safety and
28	Corrections by the manufacturer in accordance with Subsection H of this Section.

28

1	(b) The individual whose driving privilege is restricted appears at an office
2	of motor vehicles field office and is issued a renewed or duplicate driver's license
3	that contains a restriction code indicating that <u>he shall be equipped with an electronic</u>
4	alcohol monitoring device or any vehicle operated by the individual shall be
5	equipped with an ignition interlock device.
6	(2) No credit towards suspension time or any reinstatement requirement shall
7	be given if any of the following occur:
8	* * *
9	(c) The device has recorded any of the following, or any combination of the
10	following, three or more times in a thirty-day period:
11	* * *
12	(iii) Failure to take or pass an electronic alcohol monitoring device test
13	where pass is defined as an absence of alcohol detected in the person's perspiration.
14	* * *
15	(3) No credit towards suspension time or any reinstatement requirement shall
16	be given if the individual is charged or arrested for any offense involving the
17	operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or a
18	combination of alcohol and drugs during the period in which the individual is
19	required to have an <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device or</u> ignition interlock device
20	as a requirement of bail, a part of a pre-trial diversion program, or a term of a
21	suspended or deferred sentence as provided in Code of Criminal Procedure Article
22	894.
23	* * *
24	O.(1) Any driver statutorily required to utilize and maintain an <u>electronic</u>
25	alcohol monitoring device or ignition interlock device shall be in and remain in
26	compliance with the standards set forth in Paragraph (M)(2) of this Section. Upon
27	notice to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections of any violations of

Paragraph (M)(2) of this Section, the department shall further restrict the driver's

1	license and extend the period the <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device or</u> ignition
2	interlock device is required as follows:
3	(a) One month if the ignition interlock device was installed pursuant to a first
4	offense of any violation provided for in Paragraph (B)(1) of this Section.
5	(b) Six months if the ignition interlock device was installed pursuant to a
6	second or subsequent offense of any violation provided for in Paragraph (B)(1) of
7	this Section.
8	* * *
9	P. No provision of this Section shall be construed to require the use of any
10	particular vendor who meets the requirements set forth in R.S. 15:307 for ignition
11	interlock devices and electronic alcohol monitoring devices.
12	* * *
13	§414. Suspension, revocation, renewal, and cancellation of licenses; judicial review
14	A.(1)
15	* * *
16	(b) Any licensee who has had his driver's license suspended for operating a
17	motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages under the provisions
18	of this Subsection shall, upon proof to the Department of Public Safety and
19	Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or
20	his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device, be
21	issued a restricted driver's license. In the event that the department fails or refuses
22	to issue the restricted driver's license, the district court for the parish in which the
23	licensee resides may issue an order directing the department to issue the restricted
24	license either by ex parte order or after contradictory hearing.
25	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this
26	Paragraph, upon first or second conviction, or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere and
27	sentence thereupon or forfeiture of bail of any person charged with the offense of
28	driving while intoxicated when the offender had a blood alcohol concentration of
29	0.15 percent or more by weight based on grams of alcohol per one hundred cubic

centimeters of blood, the following restrictions on suspension and issuance of a restricted driver's license shall apply:

- (i) Upon first conviction, if the offender had a blood alcohol concentration of 0.15 percent or greater, his driver's license shall be suspended for two years, and the offender shall be issued a restricted driver's license for the entire period of the suspension after the offender has provided proof to the department that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or his motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. A functioning ignition interlock Any such functioning device shall remain installed on his vehicle during the period of the suspension of his driver's license.
- (ii) Upon second conviction, if the offender has a blood alcohol concentration of 0.15 percent or greater, his driver's license shall be suspended for four years. The offender shall be eligible for a restricted license for the four-year period of suspension after the offender has provided proof to the department that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or his motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. A functioning ignition interlock Any such functioning device shall remain installed on his vehicle during the four-year period of the suspension of his driver's license.

19 \* \* \* \*
20 B.
21 \* \* \*
22 (2)
23 \* \* \*

(b) Any licensee who has had his license suspended for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages under the provisions of this Subsection shall be eligible to apply for a restricted driver's license after a period of forty-five days, upon proof that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. In the event that the department fails or refuses to issue the

restricted driver's license the district court for the parish in which the licensee resides may issue an order directing the department to issue the restricted license by ex parte order or after contradictory hearing.

\* \* \*

D.

6 \* \* \*

(1)

8 \* \* \*

(b) Any licensee who has had his license suspended for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages under the provisions of this Subsection shall be eligible to apply for a restricted driver's license upon proof that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. The ignition interlock Any such functioning device shall remain on the motor vehicle installed for not less than twelve months from the date the restricted driver's license is granted. In the event that the department fails or refuses to issue the restricted driver's license, the district court for the parish in which the licensee resides may issue an order directing the department to issue the restricted license either by ex parte order or after contradictory hearing.

(c) Any licensee who is enrolled in a driving while intoxicated court or probation program or sobriety court probation program certified by the Louisiana Supreme Court Drug Court Office or the Louisiana Highway Safety Commission as part of a drug division probation program as provided in R.S. 13:5304 and who is in good standing with the presiding judge may, not less than forty-five days following suspension of his license and upon order of the presiding judge to the department, be issued an ignition interlock a restricted license sufficient to maintain livelihood or allow the licensee to maintain the necessities of life or to attend chemical dependency treatment sessions or meetings. The presiding judge may revoke the

1	restricted license, by order to the department, upon receiving satisfactory evidence
2	of violation of any restriction placed upon the licensee.
3	* * *
4	§415. Operating vehicle while license is suspended; offenses in other states; record
5	of offenses given other states
6	* * *
7	В.
8	* * *
9	(2) The court may order a licensee who violates the provisions of Subsection
10	A of this Section to wear an electronic alcohol monitoring device or have an ignition
11	interlock device installed on any vehicle in which the licensee operates when the
12	license was suspended, revoked, or canceled pursuant to the implied consent law in
13	accordance with the provisions of R.S. 32:661 et seq. or for a violation of any of the
14	following:
15	* * *
16	(3) If the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection are ordered by a
17	court, the court shall order that the ignition interlock device remain installed for a
18	period of time not less than the remaining period of suspension, revocation, or
19	cancellation.
20	* * *
21	§415.1. Economic and medical hardship appeal of driver's license suspension
22	A.(1) Except as provided in R.S. 32:378.2(A), 414, 415(B)(2), and Paragraph
23	(3) of this Subsection, upon suspension, revocation, or cancellation of a person's
24	driver's license for the first time only as provided for under R.S. 32:414 and 415, the
25	person, after initial notice from the department, shall have the right to apply to the
26	department for a restricted license. In the event that the department fails or refuses
27	to issue the restricted license, the person shall have the right to file a petition for a
28	restricted driver's license in the district court of the parish in which the applicant is
29	domiciled. Such application or petition for a restricted license shall allege that

revocation of his driving privileges will deprive him or his family of the necessities of life, will prevent him from earning a livelihood, or prevent him from obtaining proper medical treatment if disabled. The district court is vested with jurisdiction to set the matter for contradictory hearing in open court upon ten days written notice to the department, and thereupon to determine whether the allegations of hardship have merit. Upon determination by the department or the court that the lack of a license would deprive the person or his family of the necessities of life or prevent the licensee from obtaining proper medical treatment if disabled, the department may grant or the court may order that the person be granted, by the department, a restricted license to enable the person to continue to support his family or to obtain such medical treatment as provided for in this Section. The restrictions of said license shall be determined by the department or the court and shall include the following:

14 \* \* \*

(f) In addition to any other restrictions determined necessary and proper by the department or the court, a license ordered issued and restricted under this Section must include the requirement of wearing an electronic alcohol monitoring device or the installation and maintenance of an ignition interlock device upon a motor vehicle to be used by the licensee during the course of the term of the restricted license, when the suspension of driving privileges arises from operating a vehicle under the influence of alcoholic beverages.

22 \* \* \*

§667. Seizure of license; circumstances; temporary license

24 \* \* \*

B. If written request is not made by the end of the thirty-day period, the person's license shall be suspended as follows:

27 \* \* \*

(3)(a) However, any licensee who has had his license suspended for a first or second offense of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic

beverages under the provisions of this Subsection and who either refused to submit to the test or who submitted to the test and the test showed a blood alcohol level of less than 0.15 percent shall, upon proof to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or that his motor vehicle has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device, be immediately eligible for and shall be granted a restricted license. In the event that the department fails or refuses to issue the restricted driver's license, the district court for the parish in which the licensee resides may issue an order directing the department to issue the restricted license either by ex parte order or after contradictory hearing.

- (b) If the person submitted to the test as a result of a first violation and the test results show a blood alcohol level of 0.15 percent or above by weight, the person shall be eligible for a hardship license during the entire period of the imposed two-year suspension after the person has provided proof that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or that his motor vehicle has been equipped with an ignition interlock device. A functioning ignition interlock Either such functioning device shall remain installed on his motor vehicle during the period of his driver's license suspension.
- (c) If the person submitted to the test as a result of a second violation and the test results show a blood alcohol level of 0.15 percent or above by weight, the person shall be eligible for a hardship license during the entire four-year period of the suspension after the person has provided proof that he is wearing a functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or that his motor vehicle has been equipped with an ignition interlock device. A functioning ignition interlock Either such functioning device shall remain installed on his motor vehicle during the four-year period of his driver's license suspension.

27 \* \* \*

I.(1) In addition to any other provision of law, <u>an electronic alcohol</u> monitoring device shall be worn by, or an ignition interlock device shall be installed

in any motor vehicle operated by, any of the following persons whose driver's license has been suspended in connection with the following circumstances as a condition of the reinstatement of such person's driver's license:

\* \* \*

- (2) As to any person enumerated in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the electronic alcohol monitoring device shall remain on his person or the ignition interlock device shall remain on the motor vehicle for a period of not less than six months. The ignition interlock device may be installed either prior to the reinstatement of the driver's license, if the person has lawfully obtained a restricted driver's license, or as a condition of the reinstatement of the driver's license. When the driver's license is suspended as described in this Subsection, the electronic alcohol monitoring device shall remain on the person, or the ignition interlock device shall remain on the motor vehicle, for the same period as the suspension, with credit for time when the interlock device was installed and functioning as part of a restricted driver's license, or with credit for time when the ignition interlock device is monitored in accordance with R.S. 32:378.2(M).
- (3) The provisions of this Subsection shall not abrogate any other provision of law regarding the installation and maintenance of <u>electronic alcohol monitoring</u> <u>devices or</u> ignition interlock devices.
- (4) When an <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device or</u> ignition interlock device is required as a condition of reinstatement, the office of motor vehicles shall designate a restriction code and place such code on the license of a driver who is required to have <u>an ignition interlock either</u> installed and maintained as a condition of reinstatement.

25 \* \* \*

J. Upon notice to the department that a driver has prematurely removed or disabled, or caused to be prematurely removed or disabled, an electronic alcohol monitoring device or an ignition interlock device required as condition of reinstatement pursuant to Subsection I of this Section, the department shall mail

notice to the driver that his license is suspended until such time as the department receives sufficient proof that the driver has had the <u>electronic alcohol monitoring</u> <u>device or</u> ignition interlock device properly reinstalled and paid all applicable reinstatement fees. Upon reinstatement, the driver shall receive credit only for the time period when the <u>electronic alcohol monitoring device or</u> ignition interlock device was installed and functioning.

7 \* \* \*

§668. Procedure following revocation or denial of license; hearing; court review; review of final order; restricted licenses

\* \* \*

B.(1)(a) In a case of first or second refusal, or a first or second submission to a test for intoxication, if suspension is otherwise proper, upon a showing of proof satisfactory to the department that he is wearing an approved and functioning electronic alcohol monitoring device or that an approved and functioning ignition interlock device has been installed in the vehicle the person shall drive, and that the suspension of driving privileges would prevent the person from earning a livelihood, the department may:

18 \* \* \*

(c) However, any licensee who has had his license suspended for a first or second offense of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages under the provisions of this Subsection, shall, upon proof of need to the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, be immediately eligible for and shall be issued an ignition interlock a restricted license sufficient to maintain livelihood or allow the licensee to maintain the necessities of life. In the event that the department fails or refuses to issue the restricted driver's license, the district court for the parish in which the licensee resides may issue an order directing the department to issue the ignition interlock restricted license either by ex parte order or after contradictory hearing.

\* \* \*

1	D. Any person who has his license suspended, revoked, or is subject to
2	installation of an electronic alcohol monitoring device or an ignition interlock device
3	pursuant to R.S. 32:667(I) or R.S. 14:98, 98.1, 98.2, 98.3, or 98.4 shall receive credit
4	for the time period of which the ignition interlock device was installed.
5	Section 4. Code of Criminal Procedure Article 320(C) is hereby amended and
6	reenacted to read as follows:
7	Art. 320. Conditions of bail undertaking
8	* * *
9	C. Operating a vehicle while intoxicated. The court shall require as a
10	condition of release on bail that any person who is charged with a second or
11	subsequent violation of R.S. 14:32.1, 39.1, 39.2, 98, 98.6, or a parish or municipal
12	ordinance that prohibits the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence
13	of alcohol or drugs to wear an electronic alcohol monitoring device or install an
14	ignition interlock device on any vehicle which he operates. The defendant shall have
15	fifteen days from the date that he is released on bail to comply with this requirement,
16	and the electronic alcohol monitoring device shall remain on the person or the
17	ignition interlock device shall remain on the vehicle or vehicles during the pendency
18	of the criminal proceedings. Under exceptional circumstances, the court may waive
19	the provisions of this Article but shall indicate the reasons therefor to the law
20	enforcement agency who has custody of the alleged offender documentation.
21	* * *

## **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 182 Original

2025 Regular Session

Bagley

Abstract: Provides an alternative method to monitoring offender's sobriety following a DWI conviction. Allows electronic alcohol monitoring devices in lieu of ignition interlock devices.

Present law provides that courts shall order the installment of ignition interlock devices on vehicles owned by offenders convicted of driving while impaired. Present law provides a probationary period during which the ignition interlock shall remain on the vehicle.

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words underscored are additions.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes courts to order the offender to wear an electronic alcohol monitoring device as an alternative to installing an ignition interlock device. <u>Proposed law</u> retains the same probationary periods as <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a court may authorize an offender who is wearing an electronic alcohol monitoring device to drive an employer-owned vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device, if required in the course and scope of his employment.

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "electronic alcohol monitoring device".

(Amends R.S. 14:98.1(A)(1)(d), (3)(c), (C), 98.2(A)(1)(d), (3)(c), (C), (D)(3), 98.3(A)(3)(d), 98.4(A)(2)(d), 98.5(C)(2), R.S. 15:306(A)(1), (B), and (C), 307(A), (B), (C), (C)(7), and (E), 307.1(A), (B), (C), and (E)-(H), R.S. 32:378.2(A), (B)(1)(intro. para.), (B)(1)(a)(ii), (2) and (4), (E), (G), (H), (J)(1), (2)(intro. para.), and (2)(h), (K), (L), (M)(1) and (3), (O)(1), and (P), 414(A)(1)(b) and (c)(i) and (ii), (B)(2)(b), and (D)(1)(b) and (c), 415(B)(2)(intro. para.) and (3), 415.1(A)(1)(f), 667(B)(3), (I)(1)(intro. para.), (2), (3), and (4), and (J), 668(B)(1)(a)(intro. para.) and (c) and (D), and C.Cr.P. Art. 320(C); Adds R.S. 32:378.2(M)(2)(c)(iii))