HLS 25RS-161 ORIGINAL

2025 Regular Session

1

HOUSE BILL NO. 244

BY REPRESENTATIVE KERNER

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

CORRECTIONS: Provides relative to electronic monitoring

2	To amend and reenact R.S. 15:571.36 and to repeal R.S. 15:835, relative to electronic
3	monitoring; to provide for definitions; to provide for the promulgation of rules and
4	procedures; to provide for duties of electronic monitoring service providers and
5	manufacturers; to provide for the creation of a management system for monitored
6	individuals; to provide for the submission of information; to provide for the duties
7	of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, probation and parole services;
8	to provide for a prohibition; to provide for a penalty; to provide relative to the
9	development of guidelines; and to provide for related matters.
0	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
1	Section 1. R.S. 15:571.36 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
12	§571.36. Electronic monitoring; equipment; certification and registration of
13	providers; promulgation of rules; requirements; prohibitions
4	A. For the purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the
15	following meanings:
16	(1) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety and Corrections,
17	probation and parole services.
18	(2) "Manufacturer" means any person or entity who designs, produces, or
9	distributes any device or system that is used for the purpose of electronic monitoring
20	services within this state.

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1	(3) "Provider" means any person or entity who renders electronic monitoring
2	services for the purpose of monitoring, tracking, or supervising pretrial or
3	post-conviction persons within this state.
4	(4) "System" means the Monitored Individual Management System.
5	B. The Department of Public Safety and Corrections, corrections services,
6	probation and parole services and the office of state police, and the Louisiana
7	Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice shall
8	develop written policies and procedures in the manner provided in the
9	Administrative Procedure Act for the promulgation of rules governing mandatory
10	requirements all of the following:
11	(1) The certification standards and registration requirements for electronic
12	monitoring service providers and manufacturers, including who render such services
13	in this state.
14	(2) Mandatory requirements that include the availability, storage, use of, and
15	operational capacity for electronic monitoring equipment utilized for pretrial,
16	post-conviction, or monitoring, which shall include all of the following
17	requirements:
18	(1) (a) Secure storage, making equipment inaccessible to a monitored
19	individual.
20	(2) (b) Visual inspection of equipment worn by the monitored individual to
21	determine its condition not less than once per month.
22	(3) (c) A master listing and inventory.
23	(4) (d) Availability of at least one complete backup unit for every twenty-
24	five units in use.
25	(5) (e) Responses to system malfunctions.
26	(6) (f) Restricted password access to authorized staff of base station
27	hardware.
28	(7) (g) Maintenance and cleaning of equipment.
29	(8) (h) Location accuracy of a monitored individual for all of the following:

1	(a) (i) The indoor location of a monitored individual.
2	(b) (ii) The outdoor location of a monitored individual.
3	(c) (iii) On-demand location, which is the most recent location of a
4	monitored individual, and the ability to provide this location accuracy within three
5	minutes of a request.
6	(9) (i) Development of zoning capabilities for both of the following:
7	(a) (i) Inclusion zones, which are geographic areas where a monitored
8	individual is scheduled to be.
9	(b) (ii) Exclusion zones, which are geographic areas where a monitored
10	individual is not permitted to visit.
11	(10) (j) Alert notifications to a provider of electronic monitoring services for
12	all of the following:
13	(a) (i) The tampering of the electronic monitoring equipment and the ability
14	to provide an alert of this violation within three minutes of the violation.
15	(b) (ii) The presence of the electronic monitoring equipment in an exclusion
16	zone and the ability to provide an alert of this violation within four minutes of the
17	violation.
18	(c) (iii) Low battery alert prior to the complete discharge of the battery
19	within the electronic monitoring equipment.
20	(11) (k) Simultaneous access to an authorizing judge or law enforcement
21	agency for all monitoring records of an electronic monitoring provider.
22	(3) The development and maintenance of a centralized database or
23	management system, which shall be referred to as the Monitored Individual
24	Management System, that contains the information of monitored individuals and the
25	capability of authorized users to provide real-time updates of the status of individuals
26	within this database.
27	(a) Law enforcement agencies within the appropriate jurisdiction shall be
28	given simultaneous access to the system.

1	(b) Each court within the appropriate jurisdiction shall be given simultaneous
2	access to the following information located within the system:
3	(i) The name and any aliases used by the monitored individual.
4	(ii) The date of birth of the monitored individual.
5	(iii) The offense that the monitored individual has been charged with, or
6	convicted of.
7	(c) The system shall have the capability to simultaneously provide all of the
8	following information to each authorizing entity about each provider and the
9	individuals placed under electronic monitoring:
10	(a) The services offered.
11	(b) The areas served.
12	(c) The number of individuals served.
13	(d) The number of individuals terminated.
14	(e) The reasons for termination.
15	(f) The credentials or qualifications of the provider.
16	C.(1) Before rendering electronic monitoring services within this state, all
17	manufacturers and providers shall do both of the following:
18	(a) Obtain a valid certification from the department.
19	(b) Register with the department.
20	(2) All manufacturers and providers shall submit an application for
21	registration and certification on forms provided by the department and the
22	application shall contain all of the information that is required by such forms and any
23	accompanying instructions.
24	(3)(a) In order to register monitoring equipment and to ensure that such
25	equipment meets the requirements of this Section, manufacturers shall provide all
26	of the following information to the department:
27	(i) The name of the manufacturer.
28	(ii) The primary office address of the manufacturer.
29	(iii) The principal contact information of the manufacturer.

1	(iv) An electronic mail address associated with the manufacturer.
2	(v) The name, model number, and capabilities of all equipment being used
3	in this state.
4	(b) Manufacturers who acquire new equipment shall notify the department
5	and sign a statement swearing that the equipment meets the requirements of this
6	Section before using such equipment in this state.
7	(4) Any provider who obtains updated equipment or offers new services in
8	this state shall do the following before usage:
9	(a) Register such equipment with the department.
10	(b) Notify the department of the new services that the provider is offering.
11	(5) When a monitored individual has been removed from global positioning
12	system tracking, the provider shall update the system within one day with both of the
13	following information:
14	(a) The date of unenrollment.
15	(b) The reason for unenrollment.
16	(6) Manufacturers and providers shall provide the department with any
17	update pertaining to a change in name, physical address, phone number, or electronic
18	mail address within fifteen days of such change.
19	(7) Providers shall do all of the following:
20	(a) Employ staff support on a daily and nightly basis throughout the entire
21	year, inclusive of weekends and holidays. This shall include the ability to coordinate
22	with law enforcement agencies to maintain public safety and preserve potential
23	criminal investigations.
24	(b) Input the information of each monitored individual within the system
25	before affixing any monitoring equipment to the individual.
26	(c)(i) Maintain a bail bond producer license as required by the provisions of
27	Part I of Chapter 5 of Title 22 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 if the
28	provider is not P.O.S.T. certified or P.O.S.T. qualified.

(ii) Upon the posting of bail, the surety shall assign the arrest powers to the
duly licensed provider to enforce the orders of the authorizing entity. This
assignment shall be established by the posting of the surety with a signature of the
surety affixed upon the bail form provided by the clerk of court that effectuates the
release of the offender to the custody of the surety.
(d) Effectively monitor and enforce, through the arrest powers provided in
Code of Criminal Procedure Article 331, the conditions set by a judge, surety, or any
<u>law.</u>
(e) Monitor and promptly respond to alerts on a daily and nightly basis
throughout the entire year, inclusive of weekends and holidays. This shall include
the ability to coordinate with law enforcement agencies to maintain public safety and
preserve potential criminal investigations.
(f) Submit reports to all authorizing entities that have jurisdiction over an
offender upon request. Such reports shall include but not be limited to violation
reports, court reports, and proximity reports.
(8) The department may take any action provided in Paragraph (I)(6) of this
Section to discipline any provider who fails to comply with the provisions of
Paragraph (7) of this Subsection.
B. D. When the court has placed an individual under electronic monitoring,
the name and contact information of the person or entity providing provider of
electronic monitoring services shall be entered in the docket for the case in which the
electronic monitoring is ordered.
C.(1) E. When Before an individual has been is placed under electronic
monitoring, the provider of the electronic monitoring services shall, by noon of the
following day, provide law enforcement agencies within the appropriate jurisdiction
all of the following information: enter all the following information into the system:
$\frac{\text{(a)}}{\text{(1)}}$ The name and any aliases used by the monitored individual.
(b) (2) The physical address or addresses of residence of the monitored
individual.

1	(c) The name and physical address of place of employment. If the monitored
2	individual does not have a fixed place of employment, he shall provide information
3	with as much specificity as possible regarding the places where he works, including
4	but not limited to travel routes used by the monitored offender.
5	(d) (3) The pending criminal charges against the monitored individual.
6	(e) (4) The reason why the monitored individual has been placed under
7	electronic monitoring.
8	(5) The conditions set by the court.
9	(2) Electronic monitoring service providers shall submit an accurate report
10	to each court exercising jurisdiction over the persons being monitored by the tenth
11	day of each month for the previous month's monitoring activity to include all of the
12	following information:
13	(a) The name and any aliases used by the monitored individual.
14	(b) The date of birth of the monitored individual.
15	(c) The offense that the monitored individual has been charged with, or
16	<del>convicted of.</del>
17	(3) By January fifteenth of each year, electronic monitoring service providers
18	shall submit an accurate annual report to each court exercising jurisdiction over any
19	monitored person during the previous calendar year that includes all of the following
20	information:
21	(a) The services offered.
22	(b) The areas served.
23	(c) The number of defendants served.
24	(d) The number of defendants terminated.
25	(e) The reasons for termination.
26	(f) The credentials or qualifications of the provider.
27	F. Before affixing any monitoring device or equipment to a monitored
28	individual, the provider shall inform the department of all of the following:
29	(1) The name and any aliases used by the monitored individual.

1	(2) The date of birth and country of birth of the monitored individual, if
2	known.
3	(3) The physical residence address or addresses of the monitored individual.
4	(4) The phone number of the monitored individual, if known.
5	(5) The court information of the monitored individual including jurisdiction,
6	section or docket, case number, and next available court date, if known.
7	(6) The reason why the monitored individual has been placed under
8	electronic monitoring.
9	(7) The pending criminal charges against the monitored individual.
10	(8) A detailed description of the device installed, such as the serial number,
1	model number, other associated identifiers, and the manufacturer.
12	(9) The release conditions of the monitored individual.
13	(10) A photograph of the monitored individual.
14	(4) G. When a violation of the defendant's an individual's monitoring
15	conditions has occurred, the provider of electronic monitoring services shall report
16	the violation to the bail agent on record and the court exercising jurisdiction over the
17	defendant within one day of the provider's receipt of notice that any of the following
18	involving the electronic monitoring equipment has occurred:
19	(1) Presence in an exclusion zone, which are geographic areas where the
20	defendant is not permitted to visit.
21	(2) Tampering or destruction.
22	(3) Loss of battery power.
23	(4) Loss of communications.
24	(5) H. After an individual has been placed under electronic monitoring, the
25	court exercising jurisdiction over the monitored individual shall report ensure that
26	the information provided in this Section is entered accurately into the system and
27	made available to all law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction.
28	I. The department shall do all of the following to implement the provisions
29	of this Section:

1	(1) Ensure that manufacturers and providers have complied with the
2	requirements of Subsection C of this Section.
3	(2) Make the registry available to all officers of the court and every law
4	enforcement agency with the capability to search for all of the following
5	information:
6	(a) The name, address, phone number, and the electronic mail address of
7	every manufacturer and provider operating within this state.
8	(b) The type of equipment used, inclusive of the model name and model
9	number.
10	(c) A list of pretrial offenders being monitored.
11	(d) A list of post-conviction offenders being monitored.
12	(3) Ensure the accessibility of manufacturers, providers, law enforcement,
13	and authorizing entities to the registry within twenty-four hours of registration.
14	(4) Develop, maintain, and operate the Monitored Individual Management
15	System and perform any other functions as needed to ensure the continuous
16	operation of the system.
17	(5) Ensure that the following information from the system is available to
18	both authorizing entities and the public:
19	(a) The number of individuals who are being monitored per jurisdiction.
20	(b) The number of actual violations that have occurred per violation.
21	(c) The number of unenrollments and the reasons for these unenrollments.
22	(6) Take any or all of the following actions if the department determines that
23	a provider has violated the provisions of Subsection K of this Section, rendered
24	electronic monitoring services in this state without a valid certification from the
25	department, or intentionally failed to comply with the provisions of Paragraph (C)(7)
26	of this Section:
27	(a) Removal of the provider from the registry.
28	(b) Revocation of the provider's certification to render services in this state.

1	(c) Removal of the provider's access to the Monitored Individual
2	Management System.
3	J. An attorney at law, judge, ministerial officer of a court, or any law
4	enforcement officer or peace officer shall be prohibited from being a provider, or
5	having a financial interest in a provider, for electronic monitoring services in this
6	state.
7	D. K. Any provider of an electronic monitoring service services who
8	intentionally withholds or intentionally fails to timely report information as required
9	by this Section shall be subject to a fine of fined not more than one thousand dollars,
10	imprisoned for not more than six months, and shall be prohibited from <u>certifying or</u>
11	registering to provide electronic monitoring services in this state for a period of five
12	years.
13	E. L. The Integrated Criminal Justice Information System Policy Board, in
14	consultation with the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, corrections
15	services, probation and parole services and the office of state police, the office of the
16	attorney general, the office of information and technology systems, and the
17	Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice,
18	shall evaluate the feasibility of all of the following:
19	(1) Development of a statewide system for the use of global position system
20	monitoring and other electronic methods of monitoring as an alternative to
21	incarceration for persons who have been arrested, who are awaiting trial, or who
22	have been convicted.
23	(2) Development of <u>developing</u> guidelines and criteria for contracts between
24	a local government and a person or entity that provides electronic monitoring
25	services.
26	(3) Development and maintenance of a centralized registry that can assist the
27	state in the collection of the following data:
28	(a) The number of persons who are electronically monitored by jurisdiction.
29	(b) The number of violations that occur within each jurisdiction.

Section 2. R.S. 15:835 is hereby repealed in its entirety.

## **DIGEST**

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 244 Original

2025 Regular Session

Kerner

Abstract: Provides relative to electronic monitoring.

Present law (R.S. 15:571.36) provides for electronic monitoring equipment.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to define the terms "department", "manufacturer", "provider", and "system".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(A)) provides that the Department of Public Safety and Corrections (DPS&C), corrections services, the office of state police, and the La. Comm. on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice (LCLE) shall develop written policies and procedures for the promulgation of rules governing mandatory requirements for electronic monitoring service providers and manufacturers, including the availability, storage, use of, and operational capacity for electronic monitoring equipment utilized for pretrial, post-conviction, or monitoring.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to change the rulemaking entity <u>from</u> corrections services within DPS&C <u>to</u> probation and parole services within DPS&C.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the promulgated rules shall address the certification standards and registration requirements for providers and manufacturers who render such services in La., as well as the development and maintenance of a centralized database or management system that contains the information of monitored individuals with the capability of authorized users to provide real-time updates of the status of individuals within this database.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for accessibility of certain information within this system and the capability of the system to simultaneously provide certain information to each authorizing entity about each provider and the individuals placed under electronic monitoring.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that before rendering electronic monitoring services within La., all manufacturers and providers shall obtain a valid certification from the DPS&C, and register with the DPS&C.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that all manufacturers and providers shall submit an application for registration and certification on forms provided by the DPS&C and the application shall contain all of the information that is required by such forms and any accompanying instructions.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that in order to register monitoring equipment and to ensure that such equipment meets the requirements of <u>present law</u>, manufacturers shall provide all of the following information to the DPS&C:

- (1) The name of the manufacturer.
- (2) The primary office address of the manufacturer.
- (3) The principal contact information of the manufacturer.

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- (4) An email address associated with the manufacturer.
- (5) The name, model number, and capabilities of all equipment being used in La.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that manufacturers who acquire new equipment shall notify the DPS&C and sign a statement swearing that the equipment meets the requirements of <u>present</u> law before using such equipment in this state.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that any provider who obtains updated equipment or offers new services in La. shall do the following before usage:

- (1) Register such equipment with the DPS&C.
- (2) Notify the DPS&C of the new services that the provider is offering.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that when a monitored individual has been removed from global positioning system tracking, the provider shall update the system within one day with the date of unenrollment and the reason for unenrollment.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that manufacturers and providers shall provide the DPS&C with any update pertaining to a change in name, physical address, phone number, or email address within 15 days of such change.

Proposed law provides for the following duties of providers:

- (1) Employ staff support on a daily and nightly basis throughout the entire year, inclusive of weekends and holidays, with the ability to coordinate with law enforcement agencies to maintain public safety and preserve potential criminal investigations.
- (2) Input the information of each monitored individual within the system before affixing any monitoring equipment to the individual.
- (3) Maintain a bail bond producer license as required by <u>present law</u> (Part I of Ch 5 of Title 22 of the La. Revised Statutes of 1950) if the provider is not P.O.S.T. certified or P.O.S.T. qualified. Further provides for the assignment of arrest powers <u>from</u> the surety <u>to</u> the duly licensed provider to enforce the orders of the authorizing entity upon the posting of bail.
- (4) Effectively monitor and enforce the conditions set by a judge, surety, or any law, through the arrest powers provided in present law (C.Cr.P. Art. 331).
- (5) Monitor and promptly respond to alerts on a daily and nightly basis throughout the entire year, inclusive of weekends and holidays, with the ability to coordinate with law enforcement agencies to maintain public safety and preserve potential criminal investigations.
- (6) Submit reports that include but are not limited to violation reports, court reports, and proximity reports, to all authorizing entities that have jurisdiction over an offender upon request.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the DPS&C may take any action provided in <u>proposed law</u> to discipline any provider who fails to comply with the provisions of proposed law.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(C)(1)) provides that when an individual has been placed under electronic monitoring, the provider of the electronic monitoring services shall, by noon of the following day, provide certain information to law enforcement agencies within the appropriate jurisdiction.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to remove both the time frame for reporting and the name and physical address of the monitored individual's place of employment among the information to be provided. Further requires the provider of the electronic monitoring services to enter certain information into the management system before an individual is placed under electronic monitoring.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains the information contained in <u>present law</u> that electronic monitoring services are required to provide and adds conditions set by the court as further information to be entered into the system.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(C)(2)) provides that electronic monitoring service providers shall submit an accurate report to each court exercising jurisdiction over the persons being monitored by the 10th day of each month for the previous month's monitoring activity to include certain information.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(C)(3)) provides that by Jan. 15th of each year, electronic monitoring service providers shall submit an accurate annual report to each court exercising jurisdiction over any monitored person during the previous calendar year that includes certain information relative to the services offered, areas served, the defendants who are served or terminated, and the credentials or qualifications of the provider.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes these provisions of <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that before affixing any monitoring device or equipment to a monitored individual, the provider shall inform the DPS&C of all of the following:

- (1) The name and any aliases used by the monitored individual.
- (2) The date of birth and country of birth of the monitored individual, if known.
- (3) The physical residence address or addresses of the monitored individual.
- (4) The phone number of the monitored individual, if known.
- (5) The court information of the monitored individual including jurisdiction, section or docket, case number, and next available court date, if known.
- (6) The reason why the monitored individual has been placed under electronic monitoring.
- (7) The pending criminal charges against the monitored individual.
- (8) A detailed description of the device installed, such as the serial number, model number, other associated identifiers, and the manufacturer.
- (9) The release conditions of the monitored individual.
- (10) A photograph of the monitored individual.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(C)(4)) provides for the reporting of violations when a violation of the defendant's monitoring conditions has occurred.

Proposed law retains present law and changes the term "defendant" to "individual".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(C)(5)) provides that after an individual has been placed under electronic monitoring, the court exercising jurisdiction over the monitored individual shall report the information provided in <u>present law</u> to all law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to provide that the court exercising jurisdiction over the monitored individual shall ensure that the information provided in <u>present law</u> is entered accurately into the management system and made available to all law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the DPS&C shall do all of the following to implement the provisions of <u>present law</u>:

- (1) Ensure that manufacturers and providers have complied with the requirements of present law.
- (2) Make the registry available to all officers of the court and every law enforcement agency with the capability to search for all of the following information:
  - (a) The name, address, phone number, and the email address of every manufacturer and provider operating within this state.
  - (b) The type of equipment used, inclusive of the model name and model number.
  - (c) A list of pretrial offenders being monitored.
  - (d) A list of post-conviction offenders being monitored.
- (3) Ensure the accessibility of manufacturers, providers, law enforcement, and authorizing entities to the registry within 24 hours of registration.
- (4) Develop, maintain, and operate the Monitored Individual Management System and perform any other functions as needed to ensure the continuous operation of the system.
- (5) Ensure that the following information from the system is available to both authorizing entities and the public:
  - (a) The number of individuals who are being monitored per jurisdiction.
  - (b) The number of actual violations that have occurred per violation.
  - (c) The number of unenrollments and the reasons for these unenrollments.
- (6) Take any or all of the following actions if the DPS&C determines that a provider has violated the provisions of <u>present law</u>, rendered electronic monitoring services in this state without a valid certification from the department, or intentionally failed to comply with the provisions of proposed law:
  - (a) Removal of the provider from the registry.
  - (b) Revocation of the provider's certification to render services in this state.
  - (c) Removal of the provider's access to the Monitored Individual Management System.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that an attorney at law, judge, ministerial officer of a court, or any law enforcement officer or peace officer shall be prohibited from being a provider, or having a financial interest in a provider, for electronic monitoring services in this state.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(D)) provides penalties for any provider of an electronic monitoring service who intentionally withholds or intentionally fails to timely report information as required by <u>present law</u>.

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<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that the five-year prohibition from registering to provide electronic monitoring services in La. applies to certification to render these services in La. as well.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:571.36(E)) provides that the Integrated Criminal Justice Information System Policy Board, in consultation with corrections services and the office of state police within the DPS&C, the office of the attorney general, the office of information and technology systems, and the LCLE, shall evaluate the feasibility of all of the following:

- (1) Development of a statewide system for the use of global positioning system monitoring and other electronic methods of monitoring as an alternative to incarceration for persons who have been arrested, who are awaiting trial, or who have been convicted.
- (2) Development of guidelines and criteria for contracts between a local government and a person or entity that provides electronic monitoring services.
- (3) Development and maintenance of a centralized registry that can assist the state in the collection of data pertaining to the number of persons who are electronically monitored by jurisdiction and the number of violations that occur within each jurisdiction.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to change the entity within DPS&C <u>from</u> corrections services to probation and parole services.

Proposed law removes the following processes from the feasibility evaluation:

- (1) Development of a statewide system for the use of global positioning system monitoring and other electronic methods of monitoring as an alternative to incarceration for persons who have been arrested, who are awaiting trial, or who have been convicted.
- (2) Development and maintenance of a centralized registry that can assist the state in the collection of data pertaining to the number of persons who are electronically monitored by jurisdiction and the number of violations that occur within each jurisdiction.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 15:835) provides for the registration of electronic monitoring service providers and provides for prohibitions.

Proposed law repeals present law.

(Amends R.S. 15:571.36; Repeals R.S. 15:835)