2025 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 684 (Substitute for House Bill No. 237 by Representative Mack)

### BY REPRESENTATIVES MACK, BAYHAM, BERAULT, BILLINGS, WILFORD CARTER, CARVER, COATES, DICKERSON, EDMONSTON, JACKSON, OWEN, SPELL, AND WYBLE

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

STUDENTS: Provides relative to the use of seclusion and physical restraint to address the behavior of students with exceptionalities

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 17:7(5)(b)(i), 416.1(B)(3)(b), 416.21, 1944.1(A) and
3	(D)(1)(introductory paragraph), 1948(A) and (B), to enact R.S. 17:7.2(A)(10),
4	8.1(A)(8), and 1944.1(D)(1)(d), and to repeal R.S. 17:1948(C)(7) and (9) and (G),
5	relative to the behavior of students with exceptionalities; to provide relative to the
6	use of seclusion and seclusion rooms; to provide relative to the use of physical
7	restraint; to provide for reporting and documentation; to require the installation of
8	cameras in special education classrooms; to require teacher preparation programs to
9	include instruction on the use of seclusion and physical restraint of students with
10	exceptionalities; to provide for effectiveness; and to provide for related matters.
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
12	Section 1. R.S. 17:7(5)(b)(i), 416.1(B)(3)(b), 416.21, and 1944.1(A) and
13	(D)(1)(introductory paragraph) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 17:7.2(A)(10),
14	8.1(A)(8), and 1944.1(D)(1)(d) are hereby enacted to read as follows:

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1	§7. Duties, functions, and responsibilities of board
2	In addition to the authorities granted by R.S. 17:6 and any powers, duties, and
3	responsibilities vested by any other applicable laws, the board shall:
4	* * *
5	(5)
6	* * *
7	(b)(i) Prepare and adopt rules and guidelines for the appropriate use of
8	seclusion, physical restraint, and mechanical providing safe learning environments
9	through training and monitoring the appropriate use of seclusion and physical
10	restraint of students with exceptionalities as defined in R.S. 17:1942, in accordance
11	with the Administrative Procedure Act.
12	* * *
13	§7.2. Approved teacher education programs
14	A. In carrying out its responsibility to prescribe the qualifications and
15	provide for the certification of teachers under authority of R.S. 17:7(6), the State
16	Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, subject to the constitutional power
17	and authority of the Board of Regents, the Board of Supervisors for the University
18	of Louisiana System, the Board of Supervisors of Louisiana State University and
19	Agricultural and Mechanical College, and the Board of Supervisors of Southern
20	University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, shall establish qualifications
21	and requirements for the approval of teacher education programs from which
22	graduates may be certified. The qualifications and requirements established by the
23	State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education for an approved teacher
24	education program shall include but not be limited to the following:
25	* * *
26	(10) That the program include completion of a crisis intervention training
27	program, as provided in R.S. 17:416.21, and effective strategies for behavior
28	management of students with disabilities, which may be incorporated into an existing
29	course of study.
30	* * *

1	§8.1. Certification of teachers; parental notification
2	A. In carrying out its responsibility to prescribe the qualifications and
3	provide for the certification of teachers under authority of R.S. 17:7(6), the
4	qualifications and requirements established by the State Board of Elementary and
5	Secondary Education for certification of any applicant who completes an approved
6	teacher education program in Louisiana shall include but not be limited to the
7	following:
8	* * *
9	(8) That an applicant complete a crisis intervention training program created
10	or approved by the state Department of Education.
11	* * *
12	§416.1. Discipline of students; additional disciplinary authority
13	* * *
14	В.
15	* * *
16	(3) Corporal punishment does not include:
17	* * *
18	(b) The use of seclusion and <u>physical</u> restraint as provided in R.S. 17:416.21.
19	* * *
20	§416.21. Behavior of students with exceptionalities; use of seclusion and physical
21	restraint
22	A. As used in this Section:
23	(1)(a) "Crisis intervention" means the implementation of an action plan for
24	school personnel to implement when a student exhibits disruptive behaviors that
25	prevent him from participating in classroom or daily activities. Crisis intervention
26	may include the following:
27	(i) The use of positive behavioral supports and sensory rooms or other
28	calming spaces intentionally designed to help comfort and stabilize a student so that
29	he may return to the classroom or daily activities.

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1	(ii) In extraordinary circumstances, the use of seclusion and physical
2	restraint as a means to safely de-escalate a situation in which a student poses a risk
3	of imminent risk of harm to self or others.
4	(b) Information about a school's use of crisis intervention, including the
5	proper use of seclusion and physical restraint, shall be included in a school's student
6	handbook and made available to the parent and legal guardian of each student with
7	an Individualized Education Program or Behavioral Intervention Plan.
8	(1) (2) "Imminent risk of harm" means an immediate and impending threat
9	of a person causing substantial physical injury to self or others.
10	$\frac{(2)(a)}{(3)(a)}$ "Mechanical restraint" means the application of any device or
11	object used to limit a person's movement.
12	(b) Mechanical restraint does not include:
13	(i) A protective or stabilizing device used in strict accordance with the
14	manufacturer's instructions for proper use and which is used in compliance with
15	orders issued by an appropriately licensed health care provider.
16	(ii) Any device used by a duly licensed law enforcement officer in the
17	execution of his official duties.
18	(3)(a) (4)(a) "Physical restraint" means bodily force used to limit a person's
19	movement. the use of manual restraint techniques that involve physical force applied
20	to restrict the movement of all or part of a person's body.
21	(b) Physical restraint does not include:
22	(i) Consensual, solicited, or unintentional contact.
23	(ii) Momentary blocking of a student's action if the student's action is likely
24	to result in harm to the student or any other person.
25	(iii) A school employee holding a student for less than three consecutive
26	minutes within any given hour for the protection of the student or others.
27	(iii) (iv) Holding of a student, by one school employee, A school employee
28	holding a student for the purpose of calming or comforting the student, provided the
29	student's freedom of movement or normal access to his or her body is not restricted.

1	(iv) $(v)$ Minimal physical contact for the purpose of safely escorting a
2	student from one area to another.
3	(v) (vi) Minimal physical contact for the purpose of assisting the student in
4	completing a task or response.
5	(4) (5) "Positive behavior behavioral interventions and support" means a
6	systematic approach to embed evidence-based practices and data-driven decision
7	making when addressing student behavior in order to improve school climate and
8	culture.
9	(5) $(6)$ "School employee" means a teacher, paraprofessional, administrator,
10	support staff member, or a provider of related services.
11	(7) "School health designee" means a school employee designated to assess
12	the use of seclusion and physical restraint in the event that a school nurse is not
13	present on a school campus at the time such measure is used.
14	(6) (8) "Seclusion" means a procedure that isolates and confines a student
15	in a designated separate room or area until he or she is no longer an immediate
16	danger imminent risk of harm to self or others.
17	(7) (9) "Seclusion room" means a room or other confined area, used on an
18	individual basis, in which a student is removed from the regular classroom setting
19	for a limited time to allow the student the opportunity to regain control in a private
20	safe, secure, and supervised setting and from which the student is involuntarily
21	prevented from leaving until he is no longer at risk of imminent harm to self or
22	others. A seclusion room shall:
23	(a) Be free of any object that poses a danger to the student placed in the
24	room.
25	(b) Have an observation window and be of a size that is appropriate for the
26	student's size, behavior, and chronological and developmental age.
27	(c) Have a ceiling height and heating, cooling, ventilation, and lighting
28	systems comparable to operating classrooms in the school.

1	(10) "Sensory room" means a room or space that is used for the monitored
2	separation of a student in an unlocked setting in which school personnel may use
3	positive behavioral interventions and support to help to calm or stabilize a student's
4	disruptive behavior. A sensory room may also be referred to as a "calming room",
5	"calming space", "comfort room", "comfort space", "sensory space", "timeout room",
6	or "timeout space". The appropriate use of sensory rooms shall not be considered
7	seclusion, which shall only be used for the limited purpose of responding to a student
8	posing an imminent risk of harm to self or others.
9	(8) (11) "Written guidelines and procedures" means the written guidelines
10	and procedures adopted by a school's public school governing authority regarding
11	appropriate responses to student behavior that may require immediate intervention.
12	B.(1) Seclusion shall be used only:
13	(a) For student behaviors that involve an imminent risk of harm to self or
14	others.
15	(b) As a last resort when de-escalation and other positive behavioral
16	interventions and support attempts have failed and the student continues to pose an
17	imminent threat risk of harm to self or others.
18	(2) Seclusion shall not be used as a routine school safety, discipline, or
19	intervention measure or to address behaviors such as general noncompliance, self-
20	stimulation, and academic refusal, and other behaviors that, while disruptive to a
21	classroom setting or other daily school activities, do not present an imminent risk of
22	harm to self or others. Such School employees shall respond to such behaviors shall
23	be responded to with less stringent and less restrictive techniques, such as those
24	included in a school's or student's crisis intervention plan or a student's
25	Individualized Educational Plan or Behavioral Intervention Plan.
26	(3)(a) A seclusion room shall be used only as a last resort if and when less
27	restrictive crisis intervention measures, such as positive behavioral supports,
28	constructive and non-physical de-escalation, and restructuring of a student's

1	environment, have failed to stop a student's actions that pose an imminent risk of
2	harm to self or others.
3	(b) A student shall be placed in a seclusion room only by a school employee
4	who uses accepted methods of escorting a student to a seclusion room, placing a
5	student in a seclusion room, and supervising a student while he or she is in the
6	seclusion room.
7	(c) Only one student may be placed in a seclusion room at any given time,
8	and the school employee supervising the student must be able to see and hear the
9	student the entire time the student is placed in the seclusion room.
10	(4) A seclusion room shall:
11	(a) Be free of any object that poses a danger to the student placed in the
12	<del>room.</del>
13	(b) Have an observation window and be of a size that is appropriate for the
14	student's size, behavior, and chronological and developmental age.
15	(c) Have a ceiling height and heating, cooling, ventilation, and lighting
16	systems comparable to operating classrooms in the school.
17	C.(1) Physical restraint shall be used only:
18	(a) When a student's behavior presents a threat of imminent risk of harm to
19	self or others and only as a last resort to protect the safety of self and others.
20	(b) To the degree necessary to stop dangerous behavior.
21	(c) In a manner that causes no physical injury to the student, results in the
22	least possible discomfort, and does not interfere in any way with a student's
23	breathing or ability to communicate with others.
24	(d) By trained personnel, except in emergency situations in which there is
25	not sufficient time to have trained personnel respond. Minimum training
26	requirements shall be specified in rules promulgated by the State Board of
27	Elementary and Secondary Education.
28	(2) No student shall be subjected to any The following practices are
29	prohibited in any public school:

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1	(a) Any form of mechanical restraint.
2	(3) No student shall be physically restrained
3	(b) Physical restraint in a manner that places excessive pressure on the $\underline{a}$
4	student's chest or back or that causes asphyxia.
5	(4) A student shall be physically restrained only
6	(c) Physical restraint in a manner that is directly proportionate
7	disproportionate to the circumstances and to the <u>a</u> student's size, age, and severity of
8	behavior.
9	D. Seclusion and physical restraint shall not be used as a form of discipline
10	or punishment, as a threat to control, bully, or obtain behavioral compliance, or for
11	the convenience of school personnel.
12	E. No student shall be subjected to No school employee shall subject a
13	student to unreasonable, unsafe, or unwarranted use of seclusion or physical restraint.
14	F. A student shall not be placed in seclusion or physically restrained if he or
15	she (1) No school employee shall seclude or physically restrain a student who is
16	known to have any medical or psychological condition that precludes such action,
17	as certified by a licensed health care pediatrician, neurologist, or mental health
18	provider in a written statement provided to the school in which the student is
19	enrolled.
20	(2) Each principal or his designee shall notify each parent or legal guardian
21	of a student enrolled at the school with an Individualized Education Plan of the
22	prohibition of the use of seclusion and physical restraint if the student has a
23	condition as provided in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection. Such notification shall be
24	made annually and be incorporated into the student's Individualized Education Plan
25	meeting.
26	G. A school employee shall continuously monitor a student who has been
27	placed in seclusion or has been is secluded or physically restrained shall be
28	monitored continuously for the duration of such seclusion or restraint. Such

1	monitoring shall be documented at least every fifteen minutes and adjustments made
2	accordingly, based upon observations of the student's behavior.
3	H. A student shall be removed from seclusion or released school employee
4	shall release a student from seclusion and physical restraint as soon as the reasons
5	for justifying such action have subsided.
6	I.(1) The parent or other legal guardian of a student who has been placed in
7	seclusion or physically restrained shall be notified as soon as possible. The student's
8	parent or other legal guardian shall also be notified in writing, within twenty-four
9	hours, of each incident of seclusion or physical restraint. Such notice shall include
10	the reason for such seclusion or physical restraint, the procedures used, the length of
11	time of the student's seclusion or physical restraint, and the names and titles of any
12	school employee involved.
13	(2) The director or supervisor of special education shall be notified any time
14	a student is placed in seclusion or is physically restrained. Upon a student's release
15	from seclusion or physical restraint:
16	(1)(a) The school employee who secluded or physically restrained the
17	student shall notify the school principal and the director or supervisor of special
18	education as soon as is practicable but no later than one hour following the release
19	of the student, or the end of the same school day, whichever occurs first.
20	(b) The school employee who secluded or physically restrained the student
21	or a school administrator shall notify the parent or legal guardian of the student via
22	a phone call as soon as is practicable but no later than the end of the same school
23	<u>day.</u>
24	(2) A school nurse or school health designee shall visit the student as soon
25	as possible, but no later than the end of the same school day, to look for and
26	document any signs of injury or distress.
27	J. A school employee who has placed a student in seclusion or who has
28	physically restrained a student shall document and report each incident in accordance
29	with the policies adopted by the school's governing authority. Such report shall be

1	submitted to the school principal not later than the school day immediately following
2	the day on which the student was placed in seclusion or physically restrained and a
3	copy shall be provided to the student's parent or legal guardian. A school employee
4	who secluded or physically restrained a student shall document and report the
5	incident in accordance with the policies adopted by the public school governing
6	authority. The employee shall submit such report to the school principal by the end
7	of the next school day following the incident. The principal or his designee shall
8	submit the report to the parent by the end of the next school day following receipt of
9	the report. At a minimum, the incident report shall include the following:
10	(1) The name, age, grade, gender, race, and disability of the student secluded
11	or restrained.
12	(2) The date, time, location, and duration of the seclusion or physical
13	restraint.
14	(3) The name and title of each school employee involved and who was a
15	witness.
16	(4) A description of the events requiring the use of seclusion or physical
17	restraint, including a description of the procedures and types of restraint used, any
18	actions taken in an attempt to de-escalate the situation, and the student's behavior
19	that suggest the student posed an imminent risk of harm to self or others.
20	(5) A description of any student injuries, visible marks, or medical
21	emergencies that occurred during or after the seclusion or physical restraint.
22	(6) A description of the actions taken immediately following the student's
23	release from seclusion or physical restraint, including actions to notify the student's
24	parent or legal guardian.
25	(7) A description of the student's actions after his release.
26	(8) Any other observations otherwise required or requested in the report.
27	K. If a student is involved in five incidents in a single school year involving
28	the use of physical restraint or seclusion, the student's Individualized Education
29	Program team shall review and revise the student's behavior intervention plan to

1	include any appropriate and necessary behavioral supports. Thereafter, if the
2	student's challenging behavior continues or escalates requiring repeated use of
3	seclusion or physical restraint practices, the special education director or his
4	designee shall review the student's plans at least once every three weeks.
5	A school principal or his designee and the director or supervisor of special
6	education shall review video and audio footage, if available, to ensure policies and
7	proper techniques were followed during the incident.
8	L. If a student is involved in three incidents in a school year involving the
9	use of seclusion or physical restraint as a result of posing an imminent risk of harm
10	to self or others, the special education teacher shall send prior written notice of the
11	intention to call an Individualized Education Program team meeting to the student's
12	parent or legal guardian, and at such meeting, his Individualized Education Program
13	team shall review and revise the student's Behavior Intervention Plan, including any
14	crisis intervention plans, to include any appropriate and necessary behavioral
15	supports. Thereafter, if the student's challenging behavior continues or escalates,
16	requiring repeated use of seclusion or physical restraint, the director or supervisor
17	of special education or his designee shall review the student's plans at least once
18	every three weeks.
19	M.(1) The Each public school governing authority of each public elementary
20	and secondary school shall adopt written guidelines and procedures regarding:
21	(a) Reporting requirements and follow-up procedures. Proper use of crisis
22	intervention plans, including the use of positive behavioral interventions and support,
23	sensory rooms, seclusion, and physical restraint, and how these strategies differ.
24	(b) Notification requirements for school officials and a student's parent or
25	other legal guardian. All seclusion and physical restraint safety, reporting, and
26	notification requirements, including any follow-up procedures.
27	(c) An explanation of the methods of physical restraint and the school
28	employee training requirements relative to the use of restraint.

1	(d) An explanation of how school employees may utilize and be trained in
2	a crisis intervention training program.
3	(2)(a) These guidelines and procedures shall be provided to the state
4	Department of Education, all school employees, and every parent or legal guardian
5	of a student with an exceptionality. The guidelines and procedures shall also be
6	posted at each school and on each school system's website.
7	(b) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not be
8	applicable to the parent of a student who has been deemed to be gifted or talented
9	unless the student has been identified as also having a disability. At the beginning
10	of each school year, each public school governing authority shall post on its website
11	the guidelines and procedures adopted in accordance with the provisions of this
12	Subsection.
13	(3) Each public school governing authority shall annually submit prior to the
14	beginning of each school year its guidelines and procedures adopted in accordance
15	with the provisions of this Subsection to its special education advisory council
16	provided for in R.S. 17:1944.1.
17	(4) The state department shall maintain on its website, and annually
18	distribute to public school governing authorities, updated guidance for recommended
19	best practices relative to the use of seclusion and physical restraint for students with
20	exceptionalities.
21	N.(1) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall adopt
22	rules establishing guidelines and procedures for public school systems to follow
23	regarding the reporting of incidents of seclusion and physical restraint, including
24	specific data elements to be included in such reporting.
25	(2) The Each public school governing authority of each public elementary
26	and secondary school, authority, in accordance with state board policy, shall report
27	all instances where seclusion or physical restraint is used to address student behavior
28	to the state Department of Education.

1	(3)(a) The state Department of Education shall maintain a database of all			
2	reported incidents of seclusion and physical restraint of students with			
3	exceptionalities and shall disaggregate the data for analysis by school; student age,			
4	race, ethnicity, and gender; student disability, where applicable; and any involved			
5	school employees.			
6	(b)(i) Based upon the data collected, the state Department of Education shall			
7	annually compile a comprehensive report regarding the use of seclusion and physical			
8	restraint of students with exceptionalities, which shall at a minimum include the			
9	following:			
10	(aa) The number of incidents of physical restraint disaggregated by school			
11	system; student age, race, ethnicity, gender, and student disability classification.			
12	(bb) The number of incidents of seclusion disaggregated by school system;			
13	student age, race, ethnicity, gender, and student disability classification.			
14	(cc) A list of the school systems and charter schools that have complied with			
15	the reporting requirements pursuant to Paragraph (2) of this Subsection.			
16	(ii) The state Department of Education shall post the annual report on its			
17	website and submit a written copy to the Senate and House committees on education			
18	and the Advisory Council on Student Behavior and Discipline established pursuant			
19	to R.S. 17:253 Special Education Advisory Panel.			
20	O.(1) The department may develop a crisis intervention training program that			
21	may be used by each public school governing authority. If the department develops			
22	such a program, at a minimum, it shall cover the following:			
23	(a) Teach evidence-based techniques that are shown to be effective in the			
24	prevention and safe use of seclusion and physical restraint.			
25	(b) Provide evidence-based, competency-based skills training relating to			
26	positive support, conflict prevention, de-escalation, and crisis response techniques			
27	including but not limited to the following:			
28	(i) Guidelines on understanding when there is an imminent danger of serious			
29	physical harm to a student or others and when to intervene in such a scenario.			

1	(ii) An emphasis on safety and respect for the right and dignity of each		
2	person involved in an incident that involves the use of seclusion or physical restraint		
3	on a student.		
4	(iii) An emphasis on using the least restrictive form of intervention and		
5	taking incremental steps in an intervention.		
6	(iv) Alternatives to the use of seclusion and physical restraint.		
7	(v) Strategies for the safe implementation of restrictive interventions.		
8	(vi) The use of emergency safety interventions that include continuous		
9	assessment and monitoring of the physical well-being of a student and the safe use		
10	of seclusion and physical restraint throughout the duration of a restrictive		
11	intervention.		
12	(vii) Prohibited actions relative to seclusion and physical restraint.		
13	(viii) Debriefing strategies and the importance and purpose of debriefing.		
14	(ix) Best practices for documentation of instances of the use of seclusion of		
15	and physical restraint on a student.		
16	(x) Measurable learning objectives for participants.		
17	(xi) An overview of seclusion rooms, sensory rooms, the differences		
18	between them, and authorizations and prohibitions relative to the use of such rooms		
19	as provided in this Section and in each public school governing authority's relevant		
20	guidelines and procedures.		
21	(2) If the department develops a program as provided in Paragraph $(1)$ of this		
22	Subsection, certain public school employees as designated by each principal or his		
23	designee are required to complete the program. The department shall provide the		
24	program at no cost to each public school governing authority.		
25	* * *		
26	§1944.1. Local special education advisory councils; creation; purpose		
27	A. Not later than January 1, 2020, each Each local public school		
28	superintendent and the administrative head of each charter school or other public		
29	school shall create a special education advisory council to provide advice and		

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1	feedback regarding special education policies, procedures, and resources. The			
2	council shall also engage in outreach activities to the community at large to increase			
3	the level of knowledge, support, and collaboration with respect to special education.			
4	* * *			
5	D.(1) Each local public school superintendent and the administrative head			
6	of each charter school shall provide for an annual report to be made to its special			
7	education advisory council, which shall contain, at minimum, including but not			
8	limited to the following information as it pertains to his respective system or school,			
9	information, as applicable:			
10	* * *			
11	(d) The number of designated seclusion rooms as defined by R.S. 17:416.21.			
12	* * *			
13	Section 2. R.S. 17:1948(A) and (B) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as			
14	follows:			
15	§1948. Cameras in certain classrooms; definitions; required policies;			
16	confidentiality; authorization of funding			
17	A.(1) The Each public school governing authority of each public elementary			
18	and secondary school shall adopt policies relative to the installation and operation			
19	of cameras that record both video and audio in a classroom. The policies shall be			
20	adopted not later than December 31, 2022, or within sixty days of the receipt of			
21	funding for the installation of cameras, whichever occurs first. Each public school			
22	governing authority shall install a camera in each classroom.			
23	(2) Not later than January 15, 2023, each Each governing authority shall			
24	submit a copy of the policies adopted pursuant to this Section to the state Department			
25	of Education. Within ten days of any revision of the policies, each governing			
26	authority shall submit a copy of the policies to the department.			
27	B. For purposes of this Section, "classroom" shall mean a self-contained			
28	classroom or other special education setting in which a majority of students in			
29	regular attendance are provided special education and related services and are			

1	assigned to one or more self-contained classrooms or other special education settings
2	for at least fifty percent of the instructional day and for which a parent or legal
3	guardian has requested a camera to be installed. "Classroom" shall not mean special
4	education classrooms and other special education settings where the only students
5	with exceptionalities receiving special education and related services are those who
6	have been deemed to be gifted or talented and have not been identified as also having
7	a disability.
8	* * *
9	Section 3. R.S. 17:1948(C)(7) and (9) and (G) are hereby repealed in their entirety.
10	Section 4. Following the passage of this Act, the state Department of Education shall
11	update the Procedural Safeguards Handbook to reflect the provisions of this Act, including
12	R.S. 17:416.21(F) as amended by this Act, prior to the beginning of the 2025-2026 school
13	year.
14	Section 5. Each public school governing authority shall initially submit its guidelines
15	and procedures as provided in R.S. 17:416.21(M)(3) as amended by this Act by May 31,
16	2026. Thereafter, submission is required prior to the beginning of each subsequent school
17	year.
18	Section 6.(A) This Section and Sections 1, 4, and 5 of this Act shall become
19	effective on August 1, 2025.
20	(B) Sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall become effective on February 1, 2026.

### DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB	684 Reengrossed	2025 Regular Session
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Mack

**Abstract:** Provides relative to the use of physical restraint as a response to the behavior of a student with exceptionalities.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 17:416.21) provides relative to the use of seclusion and physical restraint in response to the behavior of students with exceptionalities.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits mechanical restraint on students with exceptionalities. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> defines "physical restraint". <u>Proposed law</u> changes definition <u>from</u> bodily force used to limit a person's movement <u>to</u> the use of manual restraint techniques that involve physical force applied to restrict the movement of all or part of a person's body.

<u>Proposed law</u> further adds the following relative to physical restraint:

- (1) That physical restraint does not mean a school employee holding a student for less than three minutes within an hour for the protection of the student or others.
- (2) Requires physical restraint to only be used by trained personnel, except in emergency situations in which there is not sufficient time to have trained personnel respond.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that a school nurse or school health designee visit a student who was secluded or physically restrained as soon as possible after such restraint has occurred, but no later than the end of the same school day, to look for and document any signs of injury or distress.

<u>Present law</u>, relative to parental notification of the use of seclusion or physical restraint, requires notification as soon as possible. <u>Proposed law</u> instead requires such notification via a phone call as soon as is practicable but no later than the end of the same school day during which the seclusion or physical restraint was used.

<u>Present law</u> requires a student who was secluded or physically restrained to be continuously monitored and requires documentation of such monitoring every 15 minutes. <u>Proposed law</u>, instead, requires the student to be monitored while seclusion or physical restraint is used and removes the time component.

<u>Present law</u> provides that if a student is involved in a certain number of incidents involving seclusion or physical restraint in a school year, the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) team is required to review and revise the student's intervention plan. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but reduces incident number threshold from 5 to 3, and requires the special education teacher to send prior written notice of the intention to call an IEP team meeting to the student's parent or legal guardian.

<u>Present law</u> requires each public school governing authority to adopt written guidelines and procedures regarding seclusion and physical restraint.

<u>Present law</u> requires each public school governing authority to provide such guidelines and procedures to the state Dept. of Education (DOE), all school employees, and every parent or legal guardian of a student with an exceptionality. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires each public school governing authority to annually submit such guidelines and procedures to its special education advisory council as provided for in <u>present</u> law (R.S. 17:1944.1).

<u>Present law</u> requires each public school governing authority to report all instances where seclusion or physical restraint is used to address student behavior to DOE. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes DOE to develop a crisis intervention training program.

Proposed law defines "crisis intervention", "school health designee", and "sensory room".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 17:1948) requires each public school governing authority to install cameras in certain classrooms at the request of a parent. <u>Proposed law</u> requires such installation regardless of a parental request (effective Feb. 1, 2026).

Present law (R.S. 17:7) provides for duties and responsibilities of BESE. Requires BESE

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to prepare and adopt rules and guidelines for the appropriate use of seclusion, physical restraint, and mechanical restraint of students with exceptionalities as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 17:1942), in accordance with <u>present law</u> (Administrative Procedure Act (APA)). <u>Proposed law</u> instead requires BESE to prepare and adopt rules and guidelines for providing safe learning environments through training and monitoring of the appropriate use of seclusion and physical restraint students with exceptionalities as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 17:1942), in accordance with the APA.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 17:7.2) requires teacher preparation programs to include completion of a crisis intervention training program and authorizes such instruction to be incorporated into an existing course of study.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 17:8.1) provides for the certification of teachers. <u>Proposed law</u> requires that an applicant complete a crisis intervention training program created or approved by DOE.

Except for <u>proposed law</u> relative to cameras in certain classrooms, effective on August 1, 2025.

(Amends R.S. 17:7(5)(b)(i), 416.1(B)(3)(b), 416.21, 1944.1(A) and (D)(1)(introductory paragraph), 1948(A) and (B); Adds R.S. 17:7.2(A)(10), 8.1(A)(8), and 1944.1(D)(1)(d); Repeals R.S. 17:1948(C)(7) and (9) and (G))

### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill:

- 1. Require a special education teacher to send prior written notice of the intention to call an IEP team meeting to the student's parent or legal guardian, prior to the required review and revision of the student's IEP because of three incidents of seclusion or physical restraint in a school year.
- 2. Make the Act, in part, effective on Aug. 1, 2025, and, in part, effective on Feb. 1, 2026.
- 3. Require a school employee who secluded or physically restrained a student to notify the student's parent or legal guardian via a phone call as soon as is practicable but no later than the end of the same school day during which the seclusion or physical restraint was used.
- 4. Make technical corrections.