Regular Session, 2013

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4

BY REPRESENTATIVE NORTON

MEDICAID: Directs the secretary of DHH to expand eligibility standards for the La. Medicaid program to conform to those established in the Affordable Care Act

| 1 | A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION |
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| 2 | To authorize and direct the secretary of the Department of Health and Hospitals to take such |
| 3 | actions as are necessary to expand the eligibility standards of the Medicaid program |
| 4 | of this state to conform such standards to those established in the Affordable Care |
| 5 | Act. |
| 6 | WHEREAS, the legislation referred to collectively as the "Affordable Care Act" or |
| 7 | "ACA" consists of the following Acts of Congress: |
| 8 | (1) The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), which originated as |
| 9 | H.R. 3590 in the One Hundred Eleventh United States Congress and became Public Law No. |
| 10 | 111-148. |
| 11 | (2) The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act (HCERA), which originated |
| 12 | as H.R. 4872 in the One Hundred Eleventh United States Congress and became Public Law |
| 13 | No. 111-152; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, the ACA sets forth monumental health policy reforms, as it reshapes |
| 15 | the way virtually all Americans will receive and finance their health care; and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, among the key features of the ACA are rights and protections for health |
| 17 | care consumers, accountability measures for insurance companies, expanded eligibility for |
| 18 | the Medicaid program, and a requirement that every American maintain a minimum level |
| 19 | of health insurance coverage; and |

| 1 | WHEREAS, in a decision announced on June 28, 2012, the United States Supreme |
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| 2 | Court in National Federation of Independent Business Et Al. v. Sebelius, Secretary of Health |
| 3 | and Human Services, Et Al. upheld the overall constitutionality of the ACA; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS, in the same ruling, a majority of the court held that the penalty for a |
| 5 | state's nonparticipation in the expansion of Medicaid eligibility as provided in the ACA is |
| 6 | unconstitutionally coercive because it entails withholding of all federal funds for existing |
| 7 | Medicaid programs if a state does not expand Medicaid eligibility; and |
| 8 | WHEREAS, the effect of this aspect of the court's decision is to make participation |
| 9 | in the Medicaid expansion optional for the states; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, at twenty-five percent of the federal poverty level, or just under five |
| 11 | thousand eight hundred dollars in annual income for a family of four presently, the income |
| 12 | eligibility threshold of this state for Medicaid benefits for parents of Medicaid-eligible |
| 13 | children is the second-lowest in the nation; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, the working poor of this state would benefit greatly from the expansion |
| 15 | of Medicaid income eligibility, as provided in the ACA, to one hundred thirty-three percent |
| 16 | of the federal poverty level, or thirty thousand seven hundred thirty-three dollars in annual |
| 17 | income for a family of four presently; and |
| 18 | WHEREAS, correspondingly, the working poor will be penalized to the greatest |
| 19 | extent financially by the provisions of the ACA if this state refuses to participate in the |
| 20 | Medicaid expansion and those families fail to maintain health coverage after January 1, 2014 |
| 21 | as required by law; and |
| 22 | WHEREAS, the ACA provides that Medicaid benefits for households who become |
| 23 | eligible due to the expansion will be financed entirely with federal funds for the first three |
| 24 | years of the expansion, and that the federal share of funding for benefits to these "new |
| 25 | eligibles" will phase down from one hundred percent to ninety percent between 2017 and |
| 26 | 2020, with the federal share remaining at ninety percent in ensuing years; and |
| 27 | WHEREAS, the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby affirm that the working poor |
| 28 | of this state deserve access to health care, and that health care providers who serve the |
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working poor must be assured of some amount of compensation for the care they deliver tothis population; and

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WHEREAS, health care for Louisiana workers who do not qualify for Medicaid,
 whose jobs do not provide health benefits, and who cannot afford private health insurance
 has traditionally been financed by the Medicaid and Medicare Disproportionate Share
 Hospital (DSH) programs, which currently provide major support to hospitals that furnish
 uncompensated care to low-income uninsured persons; and

6 WHEREAS, the ACA stipulates that beginning in 2014, the federal government will
7 dramatically reduce DSH funding as presently-uninsured Americans obtain either private
8 health insurance or Medicaid coverage as provided in the ACA; and

9 WHEREAS, a state refusing to participate in the Medicaid expansion in the face of 10 dramatically reduced DSH funding would create a truly untenable situation for working poor 11 families and for all hospitals of the state, as the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and 12 Active Labor Act (EMTALA) requires hospitals to provide care to anyone needing 13 emergency treatment regardless of their ability to pay, and such law includes no provisions 14 for reimbursing hospitals for such care; and

WHEREAS, compared with the economic and human costs of a crisis in health care financing arising from non-participation in the Medicaid expansion coupled with an impending loss of DSH funding, the costs to Louisiana of avoiding this crisis by participating in the Medicaid expansion are negligible; and

WHEREAS, it is absolutely clear that for compelling economic and moral reasons,participation in the Medicaid expansion is in the best interest of this state.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby authorize and direct the secretary of the Department of Health and Hospitals to take all such actions as are necessary, including but not limited to amending the Medicaid state plan, to expand the eligibility standards of the Medicaid program of this state to conform such standards to those established in the Affordable Care Act.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the secretary of the Department of Health and Hospitals shall submit to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services the Medicaid state plan amendment necessary to institute the expanded eligibility standards as provided in this Resolution on or before September 1, 2013.

1 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a suitable copy of this Resolution be transmitted

2 to the secretary of the Department of Health and Hospitals.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Norton

HCR No. 4

Authorizes and directs the DHH secretary to take such actions as are necessary to expand the eligibility standards of the Medicaid program of this state to conform such standards to those established in the Affordable Care Act ("federal health reform"); and to submit by Sept. 1, 2013 the Medicaid state plan amendment necessary to provide for the expansion.