The original instrument was prepared by Mary Dozier O'Brien. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Nancy Vicknair.

DIGEST

Broome (SB 71)

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes mental health court treatment programs in Louisiana. Provides findings relative to the impact of mental illness and substance abuse issues on the criminal justice system.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides definitions for terms related to mental health court treatment programs, including mental health court program, mental health court professional, both pre- and post-adjudicatory mental health court programs, combination programs, and co-occurring mental illness and substance abuse issues.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides relative to authorization for creation and funding of mental health court treatment programs. Further provides for eligibility for mental health court programs.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides criteria for exclusion from mental health court programs, including enumerated crimes which require such exclusion:

- (1) First or second degree murder.
- (2) Aggravated or criminal sexual assault (including sexual assault of a child).
- (3) Armed robbery.
- (4) Arson.
- (5) Stalking.
- (6) Any crime of violence involving discharge of a firearm.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides procedures to be utilized in operating a mental health court treatment program, including a regimen of graduated requirements, rewards, and sanctions.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for mental health court treatment programs to maintain or collaborate with a network of programs which deal with mental illness and co-occurring mental illness and substance abuse issues. Further provides that the mental health court program may designate a court liaison to monitor the progress of defendants in their assigned treatment programs on behalf of the court.

Effective August 1, 2013.

(Adds R.S. 13:5351-5358)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Judiciary A to the engrossed bill

- 1. Authorizes judicial districts to provide funding for any expenses related to the administration and operation of such a mental health court treatment program.
- 2. Removes the 120-day maximum time limit on the court-ordered treatment program.
- 3. Provides that the mental health court program may designate a court liaison to monitor the progress of defendants in their assigned treatment programs on behalf of the court.

Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

- 1. Make technical changes.
- 2. Remove the requirement that a mental health professional be "licensed" and requires that such mental health professional be "qualified" when admitting a criminal defendant to a mental health court program.
- 3. Delete provisions authorizing a defendant's right to a hearing and the right to present evidence supporting his continued participation in the program at such hearing if that defendant has been dismissed from the program.