

Existing law provides that whenever the driver's license of any person is mandatorily suspended under the provisions of existing law, the court in which the conviction is had or in which bail is forfeited shall attach the license to a record of the conviction or bail forfeiture and shall forward both to the Dept. of Public Safety.

New law retains existing law and makes technical correction to reflect that the record shall be sent to the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections (DPS&C), public safety services, instead of the Dept. of Public Safety.

Existing law requires a court or district attorney to send an abstract of a report to the DPS&C, public safety services, for every driver who is convicted and sentenced, forfeits bail as a result of a final judgment of forfeiture, or other final disposition made, except for convictions relating to parking violations, not later than 30 days after the conviction and sentencing thereupon, forfeiture of bail and final judgment of forfeiture, or the final disposition of his case.

New law retains existing law for persons who hold Class "D", "E", or both, licenses, but requires the court or district attorney to send the same information to DPS&C, public safety services, within ten days and in an electronic format for persons who hold commercial driver's licenses or permits, or both.

New law defines "commercial driver's license" for purposes of existing law.

Existing law provides for a series of offenses constituting "serious traffic violations" for which the conviction of can disqualify the holder of a commercial driver's license from driving commercial motor vehicles.

New law adds use of a handheld mobile telephone while driving a commercial motor vehicle to the list of serious traffic violations in existing law and defines "driving" for purposes of new law.

Effective August 1, 2013.

(Amends R.S. 32:393(B)(2) and (C)(1)(b) and 414.2(A)(1)(c); Adds R.S. 32:414.2(A)(1)(d)(xi))