## DIGEST

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## Badon

HB No. 14

Abstract: Amends the criminal penalties for second and subsequent convictions of possession of marijuana and prohibits the application of the Habitual Offender Law when all underlying criminal convictions are for possession of marijuana.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the following penalties with regard to the crime of possession of marijuana or synthetic cannabinoids:

- (1) On a first conviction, the offender shall be fined not more than \$500, imprisoned in the parish jail for not more than six months, or both.
- (2) On a second conviction, the offender shall be fined not less than \$250 nor more than \$2,000, imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than five years, or both. In addition, <u>present law</u> requires that certain conditions be met if the offender is placed on probation, including substance abuse treatment and community service.
- (3) On a third or subsequent conviction, the offender shall be sentenced to imprisonment with or without hard labor for not more than 20 years, and may, in addition, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$5,000.

Proposed law amends the penalties for possession of marijuana as follows:

- (1) On a first conviction, <u>proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.
- (2) On a second conviction, the offender shall be fined not more than \$500, imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than two years, or both.
- (3) On a third conviction, the offender shall be fined not more than \$2,000, imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than five years, or both.
- (4) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, the offender shall be fined not more than \$2,000, imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than eight years, or both.

<u>Present law</u> provides for increased penalties for habitual offenders, including offenders who have been convicted of possession of marijuana or synthetic cannabinoids.

Proposed law retains the provisions of present law regarding synthetic cannabinoids and

prohibits the Habitual Offender Law from applying when all underlying criminal convictions are for possession of marijuana.

(Amends R.S. 40:966(E); Adds R.S. 15:529.1(A)(5))