

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE
Fiscal Note



Fiscal Note On: **HB 27** HLS 161ES 64
 Bill Text Version: **REENGROSSED**
 Opp. Chamb. Action: **w/ SEN COMM AMD**
 Proposed Amd.:
 Sub. Bill For.:

Date: March 8, 2016 3:35 PM	Author: COX
Dept./Agy.: Revenue	Analyst: Greg Albrecht
Subject: Alcoholic Beverage Taxes	

TAX/ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE RE1 +\$19,200,000 GF RV See Note Page 1 of 1
 Increases the excise tax levied on certain alcoholic beverages (Item #20)

Current law imposes the following tax rates on alcoholic beverages: liquors at 66¢/liter, sparkling wines and wines of more than 24% alcohol by volume at 42¢/liter, low alcohol (up to 14% by volume) still wines at 3¢/liter, high alcohol (more than 14% by volume) still wines at 6¢/liter, and malt beverages and low alcohol content beverages (beer) at \$10 per 31-gallon barrel.

Proposed law increases these tax rates by the following amounts: liquors 14¢/liter, sparkling wines and wines of more than 24% alcohol by volume 13¢/liter, low alcohol (up to 14% by volume) still wines 17¢/liter, high alcohol (more than 14% by volume) still wines 29¢/liter, and malt beverages and low alcohol content beverages (beer) \$2.50 per 31-gallon barrel. Total new tax rates are 80¢/liter for liquors, 55¢/liter sparkling, 20¢/liter low wine, 35¢/liter high wine, and \$12.50/bbl beer. Applicable to purchases on and after April 1, 2016. Not applicable to inventories on hand. Effective upon governor's signature.

EXPENDITURES	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

REVENUES	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$19,200,000	\$19,300,000	\$19,500,000	\$19,600,000	\$19,800,000	\$97,400,000
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
Annual Total	\$19,200,000	\$19,300,000	\$19,500,000	\$19,600,000	\$19,800,000	\$97,400,000

EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

The Department of Revenue will experience additional programming costs to adjust tax collections systems to the new rates in this bill, and to handle taxpayer inquiries/education as well as process inventory filings prior to May 1, 2016. These types of costs are typically several thousands or even tens of thousands of dollars worth of staff time, although an estimate of those costs has not yet been received from the Department.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

The bill raises various tax rates imposed on alcoholic beverage products, and is expected to generate some \$19.2 million of additional revenue in FY17.

The rate increases proposed by the bill were applied to numbers of units of each product over the last five years to arrive at an estimate of the annual amount of additional tax receipts to expect. The liquor and wine component is expected to be approximately \$11.2 million of the total FY17 revenue increase. Based on final REC revenue collections, consumption of these products has been trending upward. For purposes of this fiscal note, this positive trend is moderated but still kept positive after the tax increase of this bill. The beer component is expected to be make up \$8 million of the total FY17 revenue increase. Based on final REC revenue collections, consumption of these products has been mildly trending downward. For purposes of this fiscal note, the rate of this downward trend is expected to continue after the tax increase of this bill.

The bill is applicable to purchases from April 1, 2016. Thus, FY16 revenue is affected. Transactions in April - June tend to be fairly average for liquor and wine products, and above average (but not peak) for beer products. For purposes of this fiscal note, annual average monthly sales for both product groups are utilized to estimate FY16 receipts of \$4.7 million (\$2.7 million liquor & wine and \$2 million beer).

Senate Dual Referral Rules House

13.5.1 >= \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S&H}

6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}

13.5.2 >= \$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee Change {S&H}

6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease {S}

John D. Carpenter
Legislative Fiscal Officer